

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**  
(AUTONOMOUS)  
**B.Tech. (III Semester) (R17) Supplementary Examinations, November 2020**

A.Y. 2019-20

**TIME TABLE**

**TIME : 2.00 PM to 5.00 PM**

DATE	ASE	CE	CSE	ECE	EEE	EIE	IT	ME
23-11-2020 (Monday)	17FE07 - Numerical Methods and Fourier Analysis	17FE07 - Numerical Methods and Fourier Analysis	17FE08 - Probability and Statistics	17FE07 - Numerical Methods and Fourier Analysis	17FE07 - Numerical Methods and Fourier Analysis	17FE07 - Numerical Methods and Fourier Analysis	17FE07 - Numerical Methods and Fourier Analysis	17FE07 - Numerical Methods and Fourier Analysis
24-11-2020 (Tuesday)	17AE01 - Engineering Fluid Mechanics	17EE51 - Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering	17FE03 - Environmental Science	17C101 - Computer Programming	17EE02 - Electric and Magnetic Fields	17FE03 - Environmental Science	17FE03 - Environmental Science	17FE03 - Environmental Science
25-11-2020 (Wednesday)	17AE02 - Engineering Thermodynamics	17CE04 - Strength of Materials - I	17C103 - Discrete Mathematical Structures	17EC05 - Signals and Systems	17EE03 - Network Theory - I	17EE53 - Electrical Technology	17C107 - OOPs through Java	17EC50 - Basic Electronics Engineering
26-11-2020 (Thursday)	17AE03 - Strength of Materials	17CE05 - Engineering Geology	17C104 - Python Programming	17EC06 - Random Variables and Stochastic Processes	17EE04 - Digital Logic Circuit Design	17EI02 - Transducers	17IT01 - Operating System Principles	17ME03 - Thermodynamics
27-11-2020 (Friday)	17AE04 - Elements of Aerospace Engineering	17CE06 - Mechanics of Fluids	17C105 - Data Structures	17EC07 - Pulse and Switching Circuits	17C105 - Data Structures	17EC03 - Analog Electronic Circuits	17C102 - Digital Logic Design	17ME04 - Mechanics of Solids
28-11-2020 (Saturday)	17ME05 - Metallurgy and Material Science	17CE07 - Concrete Technology	17C106 - Computer Architecture	17EC08 - Analog Integrated Circuits	17EE05 - Power Generation and Utilization	17EC04 - Digital Electronic Circuits	17C109 - Data Base Management Systems	17ME05 - Metallurgy and Material Science
30-11-2020 (Monday)	17PD03 - Professional Ethics and Human Values	17PD03 - Professional Ethics and Human Values	---	17PD03 - Professional Ethics and Human Values	17PD03 - Professional Ethics and Human Values	---	---	---

**NOTE:** (i) Any omissions or clashes in this time table may please be informed to the Controller of Examinations immediately.

(ii) Even if government/JNTUK/College declares holiday on any of the above dates, the examinations shall be conducted as notified only.

(iii) For any clarification in respect of the above examinations, please contact the Controller of Examinations.

Date: 09-11-2020

A.M  
**CONTROLLER OF EXAMINATIONS**

Copy to: 1. All H.o.Ds for N.A.  
2. All Notice Boards

f. m. r  
PRINCIPAL

23 NOV 2020

H.T.No

R17

LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.::A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular / Supplementary Examinations

**17FE07-NUMERICAL METHODS AND FOURIER ANALYSIS**

(ASE,CE,ECE,EEE,EIE,IT&ME)

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL														
1(a)	Calculate a root of the equation $xe^x = \cos x$ by the method of False Position.	6M	co1	L2														
(b)	Evaluate $\int_0^1 e^{-x^2} dx$ taking $h = 0.2$ using Trapezoidal rule.	6M	co1	L2														
<b>(OR)</b>																		
2(a)	Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$ by dividing the interval (0,1) in to four equal parts by using Simpsons one-third rule.	6M	co1	L2														
(b)	Find a root of the equation $x + \log x = 2$ by Newton-Raphson method	6M	co1	L2														
3(a)	Find $y$ when $x = 1.35$ using gauss backward interpolation formula from the following table	6M	co2	L2														
<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>x:</td> <td>1</td> <td>1.2</td> <td>1.4</td> <td>1.6</td> <td>1.8</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y:</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>-0.112</td> <td>-0.016</td> <td>0.336</td> <td>0.93</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </table>		x:	1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2	y:	0.0	-0.112	-0.016	0.336	0.93	2			
x:	1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2												
y:	0.0	-0.112	-0.016	0.336	0.93	2												
(b)	Find the interpolation polynomial for the following data	6M	co2	L2														
<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>f(x)</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>12</td> <td>147</td> </tr> </table>		x	0	1	2	5	f(x)	2	3	12	147							
x	0	1	2	5														
f(x)	2	3	12	147														
<b>(OR)</b>																		
4(a)	Given $\sin 45^\circ = 0.7071$ , $\sin 50^\circ = 0.7660$ , $\sin 55^\circ = 0.8192$ and $\sin 60^\circ = 0.8660$ . Find $\sin 52^\circ$ using Newton's interpolation formula.	6M	co2	L2														
(b)	If the interval difference is unity, prove that $\Delta \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{n-1}{n}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2n^2}\right)$	6M	co2	L2														
5(a)	By using RK-third order formula find $y(0.25)$ when $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$ and $y(0) = 1$ .	6M	co3	L2														

**17FE07-NUMERICAL METHODS AND FOURIER ANALYSIS**

(b)	Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$ subject to $y(0) = 1$ and by Picard's method and hence find $y(0.2)$	6M	cos	L3									
<b>(OR)</b>													
6.	Apply Euler method to find the solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y-x}{y+x}$ , with $y(0) = 1$ for $0 \leq x \leq 0.1$ with $h = 0.025$	12M	cos	L3									
7(a)	Fit a Straight line $y = a + bx$ to the following data by the method of least squares.	6M	cos4	L4									
	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>1.8</td> <td>3.3</td> <td>4.5</td> <td>6.3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				x	0	1	2	3	4	y	1.0	1.8
x	0	1	2	3	4								
y	1.0	1.8	3.3	4.5	6.3								
(b)	Fit an equation of the form $y = ab^x$ to the following data by the method of least squares.	6M	cos4	L4									
	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y</td> <td>144</td> <td>172.8</td> <td>207.4</td> <td>248.8</td> <td>298.5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				x	2	3	4	5	6	y	144	172.8
x	2	3	4	5	6								
y	144	172.8	207.4	248.8	298.5								
<b>(OR)</b>													
8.	Fit a second degree parabola to the following data using method of least squares.	12M	cos4	L3									
	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y</td> <td>1</td> <td>1.8</td> <td>1.3</td> <td>2.5</td> <td>6.3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				x	0	1	2	3	4	y	1	1.8
x	0	1	2	3	4								
y	1	1.8	1.3	2.5	6.3								
9(a)	Find the Fourier series for $f(x) = 2x - x^2$ in $0 < x < 3$ .	6M	cos	L3									
(b)	Find the Fourier transform of $f(x)$ defined by $f(x) = e^{-x^2}$ , $-\infty < x < \infty$	6M	cos	L3									
<b>(OR)</b>													
10(a)	Find the Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = \frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$ and deduce that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-ax} - e^{-bx}}{x} \sin sx \, dx = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{a}\right) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{b}\right)$	6M	cos	L3									
(b)	Obtain the Fourier series for $f(x) = x - x^2$ in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$ hence show that $\frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$	6M	cos	L2									

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.::A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17AE01-ENGINEERING FLUID MECHANICS**

(AE)

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

\*\*\*\*\*

**UNIT-I**

- 1(a) The space between two parallel plates kept 3 mm apart is filled with an oil of dynamic viscosity 0.2 Pa.s. What is the shear stress on the lower fixed plate, if the upper plate is moved with a velocity of 1.5m/s? [6M]
- (b) Find the absolute pressure at a depth of 5 m below the surface of a liquid of relative density of 0.85. The barometer reading on the surface is 750 mm of mercury. [6M]

**(OR)**

- 2(a) Derive the expression for pressure at any given altitude for the earth's atmosphere within the troposphere. [6M]
- (b) Calculate the atmospheric pressure at an elevation of 3500 m above sea level, given the temperature and atmospheric pressure at sea level to be 288 K and 101325 Pa respectively. [6M]

**UNIT-II**

- 3(a) Check whether the stream function  $\psi = 5xy$  is irrotational and if so, determine the corresponding potential function  $\phi$ . [6M]
- (b) Drive the acceleration of a fluid particle in a velocity field and give detailed physical explanation of each term. [6M]

**(OR)**

- 4(a) Water flows at a uniform velocity of 3 m/s into a nozzle that reduces the diameter from 10 cm to 2 cm. Calculate the water velocity leaving the nozzle and the flow rate. [6M]
- (b) Verify whether the following stream functions represent irrotational flow  
i)  $\psi = y^2 - x^2$  ii)  $\psi = Ax^2y^2$  iii)  $\psi = Ax = By^2$  [6M]

**UNIT-III**

- 5 Derive the Hagen Poiseuille relations for flow through pipe having length L, diameter D, head loss  $h_f$ , fluid viscosity  $\mu$ , fluid density  $\rho$  and flow rate of Q. [12 M]
- (OR)**
- 6(a) Define and express Hydraulic diameter for flow through pipes. [6M]
- (b) Explain the following dimensionless number  
a) Reynolds number      b) Froude's number      c) Euler's number  
d) Weber number      e) Mach number. [6M]

## 17AE01-ENGINEERING FLUID MECHANICS

### UNIT-IV

- 7(a) Explain the construction and working of Francis Turbine with neat sketch. [6M]
- (b) Draw the inlet and outlet velocity triangles of Francis turbine. Consider the discharge at outlet is radial and vane is radial at inlet. [6M]

(OR)

- 8(a) The runner of a reaction turbine running at 200 rpm has internal and external diameter 0.5 m and 1 m respectively. The flow is inward with the inlet guide angle of 10 degrees to the tangent to the wheel. The discharge at outlet is radial. The flow velocity at inlet and outlet are the same and is 2 m/s. The width of the turbine at inlet is 0.25 m. Find the runner blade angles and width of the runner at outlet. [6M]
- (b) Define and express unit speed, unit discharge and unit power of hydraulic turbine. [6M]

### UNIT-V

- 9(a) A single acting reciprocating signal running at 50 rpm has a stroke length of 0.25m. The delivery and suction heads are 50m and 5m. The piston diameter is 0.15m. Find discharge capacity of pump in  $\text{m}^3/\text{sec}$ . What is the theoretical power required to operate the pump? [6M]
- (b) Derive an expression for specific speed of a centrifugal pump. [6M]

(OR)

- 10(a) A centrifugal pump is running at 1000rpm. The outlet vane angle of impeller is  $45^\circ$  and velocity of flow at outlet is 2.5 m/s, when the pump is working against a total head of 20m. If the manometric efficiency of the pump is 80%, determine a) diameter of the impeller and b) width of the impeller at the outlet. [6M]
- (b) A 5kW electric motor is used for pumping water from a well with a depth of 30 m. Find the overall efficiency of the centrifugal pump, if discharge from the pump is 1.25 litre/s. [6M]

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17AE02-ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMICS**

(AE)

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

\*\*\*\*\*

**UNIT-I**

- 1(a) What you understand by thermodynamic equilibrium? Explain. [6M]  
 (b) A certain thermometer is calibrated using the ice (i) and steam (s) points as fixed points at a temperature of 0°C and 100°C respectively. The function of thermometric substance is taken as  $t = a \log x + b$  instead of linear function  $p = ax + b$ . show that [6M]

$$t = 100 \frac{\log \frac{x}{x_i}}{\log \frac{x_s}{x_i}}$$

(OR)

- 2(a) Why does free expansion has zero work transfer? Explain. [6M]  
 (b) A piston-cylinder device initially contains 0.07 m<sup>3</sup> air at 130 kPa and 180°C. The nitrogen is now expanded to a pressure of 80 kPa polytropically with polytropic exponent whose value is equal to specific heat ratio (called isentropic expansion). Determine the final temperature and the boundary work done during the process. [6M]

**UNIT-II**

- 3(a) Apply first law of thermodynamics and prove that internal energy is a property of system. [6M]  
 (b) A gas of 4 kg contained in a piston-cylinder machine. The gas undergoes a process for which  $PV^{1.5} = C$ . The initial conditions are 3 bar, 0.1 m<sup>3</sup> and the final volume is 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>. The specific internal energy of the gas decreases by 4.6 kJ/kg. There are no significant changes in potential energy and kinetic energy. Determine the net heat transfer for the process. [6M]

(OR)

- 4(a) A turbine operates under steady flow conditions, receiving steam at the following state: pressure 1.2 Mpa, temperature 188°C, velocity 33.3 m/s. The steam leaves the turbine at the following state: pressure 20 kPa, velocity 100 m/s. Heat is lost to the surroundings at the rate of 2.09 kJ / s. If the rate of steam flow through the turbine is 0.42kg/s. What is the power output of the turbine in kW? [6M]  
 (b) Derive the steady flow energy equation for flow through nozzle. State necessary assumptions. [6M]

## 17AE02-ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMICS

### UNIT-III

- 5(a) Establish the equivalence between Kelvin Planck and Clausius statements. [6M]
- (b) A refrigeration plant for a food store operates as a reversed Carnot heat engine cycle. The store is to be maintained at a temperature of  $-5^{\circ}\text{C}$  and the heat transfer from the store to the cycle is at the rate of 5 kW. If heat is transferred from the cycle to the atmosphere at a temperature of  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , calculate the power required to drive the plant. [6M]

(OR)

- 6(a) Derive the isentropic relations for ideal gas. [6M]
- (b) A heat engine is supplied with 1130 kW of heat at constant temperature of  $292^{\circ}\text{C}$  and rejects heat at  $5^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The following results were obtained. Determine whether the results report a reversible cycle or irreversible or impossible. (i) Heat rejected is 834 kW. (ii) If heat rejected is 556 kW. (iii) If heat rejected is 278 kW. [6M]

### UNIT-IV

7. Two insulated tanks A and B are connected by a valve. Tank A has a volume of  $1\text{ m}^3$  and initially contains oxygen at 300 kPa,  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Tank B has a volume of  $2\text{ m}^3$  and initially contains ethane at 200 kPa,  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The valve is opened and remains open until the resulting gas mixture comes to a uniform state. Determine the final pressure and temperature. [12M]

(OR)

- 8(a) Discuss the phase change process of pure substance by using Temperature (T)- Entropy(S) diagram. [6M]
- (b) A vessel having a capacity of  $0.05\text{m}^3$  contains a mixture of saturated water and saturated steam at a temperature of  $245^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The mass of the liquid present is 10kg. Find the following; (i) The pressure, (ii) The mass. (iii) The specific volume, (iv) The specific enthalpy. [6M]

### UNIT-V

- 9(a) Derive the expression for thermal efficiency of Otto cycle with the help of P-V and T-S diagrams. [6M]
- (b) In a gas turbine plant working on the Brayton cycle, the air at the inlet is at  $27^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 0.1 MPa. The pressure ratio is 6.25 and the maximum temperature is  $800^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Find (i) the compressor work per kg of air, (ii) the turbine work per kg of air, (iii) the heat supplied per kg of air, (iv) the cycle efficiency. [6M]

(OR)

- 10(a) Carnot cycle is not practicable for steam power plant. Justify. [6M]
- (b) An engine working on the Otto cycle has an air standard cycle efficiency of 56% and rejects  $544\text{kJ/kg}$  of air. The pressure and temperature of air at the beginning of compression are 0.1 MPa and  $60^{\circ}\text{C}$  respectively. Compute (i) the compression ratio of the engine (ii) the work done per kg of air, (iii) the pressure and temperature at end of the compression. [6M]

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.  
B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17AE03-STRENGTH OF MATERIALS  
(AE)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks
1(a)	Define the following (i) Poisson's ratio (ii) modulus of rigidity. An elastic rod of 25 mm in diameter, 200 mm long extends by 0.25mm under a tensile load of 40Kn. Find the intensity of stress, strain and the elastic modulus for the material of the rod.	6M
(b)	A reinforced concrete column is 300mm* 300mm in section. The column is provided with 8 bars of 20mm diameter. the column carries a load of 360kn. Find the stress in concrete and the steel bars. Take $E_s=2.1 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $E_c=0.14 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
2(a)	A steel bar 50mm wide, 12mm thick and 300mm long is subjected to an axial pull of 84kn. Find the changes in the length, width, thickness and the volume of the bar. Take $E=2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and poisons ratio=0.32.	6M
(b)	A bar 12 mm in diameter gets stretched by 3mm under a steady load of 8000N. What stress would be produced in the same bar by a weight of 800N which falls vertically through a distance of 80mm on to a rigid collar at its end? The bar is initially un stressed. Take $E=2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .	6M
3.	The intensity of loading on a simply supported beam of 5m span increases uniformly from 8Kn/m at one end to 16Kn/m at the other end. Find the position and magnitude of the maximum bending moment. Also draw S.F.D and B.M D.	12M
<b>(OR)</b>		
4.	A beam AB 10m long is simply supported at its ends A and B. It carries a UDL of 20Kn/m for a distance of 5m from the left end A and concentrated load of 40kn at a distance of 2m from the right end B. Draw S.F.D and B.M.D for the beam.	12M
5(a)	A cast iron pipe of internal diameter 450mm is 15 mm thick and is supported on a spam of 8m. Find the maximum stress in the pipe when it is full of water. Take specific weight of cast iron is $71600 \text{ N/m}^3$ and that of water is $9810 \text{ N/m}^3$ .	6M
(b)	A tube of steel of 5mm bore with a wall thickness of 0.5mm is 1m long and is full of mercury. It is placed in a horizontal position supported at its ends. If steel and mercury weigh $7.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N/mm}^3$ and $1.36 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N/mm}^3$ respectively, find the maximum stress in the tube.	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
6(a)	In a tensile test, a test piece is 25mm in diameter, 200mm gauge length stretched 0.0975mm under a pull of 50,000N. In a torsion test, the same rod twisted 0.025 radian over a length of 200 mm, when a torque of 400Nm was applied. Evaluate the poisons ratio and three elastic moduli for the material.	6M

**17AE03-STRENGTH OF MATERIALS**

(b)	A hollow steel shaft 240 mm external and 160mm internal diameter is to be replaced by a solid alloy shaft. If both the shafts should have the same polar modulus, find the diameter of the latter and the ratio of the torsional rigidities. Take C for steel is 2.4*c for alloy. If alternatively the 2 shafts should have the same torsional rigidity, find the ratio of their polar moduli.	6M
7(a)	The principal stresses at a point in a bar are 200N/mm <sup>2</sup> (tensile) and 100N/mm <sup>2</sup> (compressive). Determine the resultant stress in magnitude and direction on a plane inclined at 60° to the axis of the major principal stress. Also determine the maximum intensity of shear stress in the material at the point.	6M
(b)	A bolt is subjected to an axial pull of 8KN and a transverse shear force of 3KN. Determine the diameter of the bolt required based on (i) Maximum principal stress theory (ii) maximum shear stress theory (iii) maximum strain energy theory take elastic limit in simple tension equal to 270N/mm <sup>2</sup> and Poisson's ratio is 0.3 and a factor of safety is 3.	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
8(a)	A timber beam is simply supported at the ends and carries a concentrated load at mid span. The maximum longitudinal stress is p and the maximum shear stress is q. Find the ratio of the span to the depth of the beam ignoring the self weight of the beam if p=12N/mm <sup>2</sup> and q=1N/mm <sup>2</sup> . Find the ratio of the span to the depth.	6M
(b)	A simply supported wooden beam of span 1.3m having a cross section 150mm wide by 250mm deep carries a concentrated load w at the center. Allowable working stresses are $\sigma=7\text{N/mm}^2$ (bending) $q=1\text{N/mm}^2$ (Shear), what is safe load w.	6M
9(a)	A cast iron beam 40mm wide and 80mm deep is simply supported on a span of 1.2m. The beam carries a point load of 15KN at the centre. Find the deflection at the centre. Take $E=10800\text{N/mm}^2$ .	6M
(b)	A steel beam is simply supported at the ends on a span of 8m, and carries a UDL of 8KN/m on the whole span. In addition a connection made to the beam at 5m from the left end exerts a downward load of 80KN together with a clockwise couple of 60KNM acting in the plane of bending of the beam. Determine the location and magnitude of the maximum deflection. $I_{xx}$ for the beam section is $4.79 \times 10^8 \text{mm}^4$ and $E = 200\text{KN/mm}^2$	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
10(a)	A thin cylinder cube with closed ends has an internal diameter of 50mm and a wall thickness of 2.5mm. The tube is axially loaded in tension with a load of 10KN and is subjected to an axial torque of 500Nm under an internal pressure of 6N/mm <sup>2</sup> . Determine the principal stresses on the outer surface of the tube and the maximum shear stress.	6M
(b)	A pipe of 200mm internal diameter and 100mm thickness contains a fluid at a pressure of 6N/mm <sup>2</sup> find the maximum and minimum hoop stress across the section.	6M

\*\*\*\*\*

28 NOV 2020

R17

H.T.No

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P. *g.r.v.v*

B.Tech. (III Semester) ~~Regular~~/Supplementary Examinations

**17ME05-METALLURGY AND MATERIAL SCIENCE  
(AE&ME)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit  
All questions carry equal Marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks
1.	What is Atomic Packing factor and extend your discussion to find APF to BCC, FCC and HCP structures?	12M
(OR)		
2(a)	What is importance of alloying? Explain Hume Rothery Principles of alloying.	6M
(b)	Compare various types of solid solutions.	6M
3(a)	Explain Eutectic reaction with a neat sketch.	6M
(b)	Construct the Equilibrium diagram for Bi - Cd System to a scale and find (i) Amount of eutectic in 20% Cd alloy and (ii) Free Cd in 70% alloy with the following data. Melting temperature of Bi is 271°C; Melting temperature of Cd is 321°C, Eutectic Temperature is 144°C; Eutectic Composition is 39.7 % Cd.	6M
(OR)		
4.	Starting from Iron allotropy, Explain Iron - Iron Carbide Equilibrium diagram with a neat sketch.	12M
5.	Write a short note on (i) Stain less Steel (ii) HSS (iii) Alloy steel (iv) Mild Steel.	12M
(OR)		
6(a)	Discuss the necessity of Aluminum alloys over plain Aluminum and write about Al alloys designation.	6M
(b)	Differentiate Brass and Bronze.	6M
7(a)	Enumerate the differences between Hot working and Cold working Process.	6M
(b)	Explain TTT diagram of eutectoid steel.	6M
(OR)		
8(a)	What is Hardenability and demonstrate Jominy End quench test?	6M
(b)	Elaborate Age Hardening Process in Detail.	6M
9(a)	Discuss in detail Hand Lay Up Process.	6M
(b)	Explain Filament Winding Process with a neat sketch.	6M
(OR)		
10.	Classify Composite materials and mention the phenomena, applications and advantages of Metal Matrix composites over other Composites.	12M

\*\*\*\*\*

30 NOV 2020

H.T.No

R17

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17PD03-PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES**  
(ASE,CE,ECE&EEE)

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1.	Illustrate an overview on 'engineering ethics'.	12M	CO1	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Differentiate the interpretations of Kohlberg's & Gilligan's moral development theories with an example.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Demonstrate variety of moral issues and also on types of inquiry.	6M	CO1	L3
3(a)	State the definition of value and list out various types of values.	6M	CO2	L1
(b)	Identify the differences between morality and ethics.	6M	CO2	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Explain your views on "spirituality in work place".	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Define Civic virtue and explain its advantages.	6M	CO2	L2
5(a)	Identify various aspects of industrial standards and its purpose.	6M	CO3	L1
(b)	Draw the design of an interactive process from the concept 'Engineering as experimentation'.	6M	CO3	L4
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Discuss the role of law in engineering.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Explain the concept 'Codes of Ethics' in detail.	6M	CO3	L2
7(a)	Define confidentiality. State the moral principles that justify confidentiality.	6M	CO4	L1
(b)	Discuss the concept "Conflicts of interest".	6M	CO4	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Interpret in detail about occupational crime.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Illustrate the concept of risk-benefit analysis.	6M	CO4	L3
9(a)	Describe occupational crime and explain its types.	6M	CO5	L1
(b)	Define MNC and state the impact of an MNC in the process of globalization.	6M	CO5	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Examine the role of an engineer as expert witness and advisor.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	State how computer can be considered as an object of unethical activity.	6M	CO5	L1

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

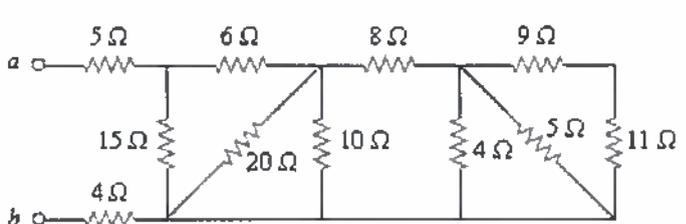
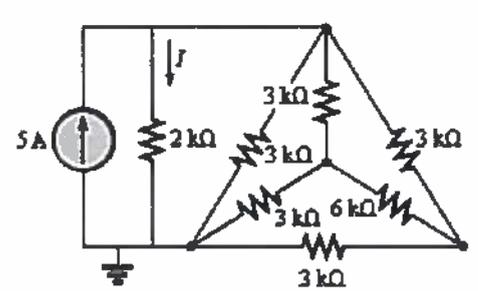
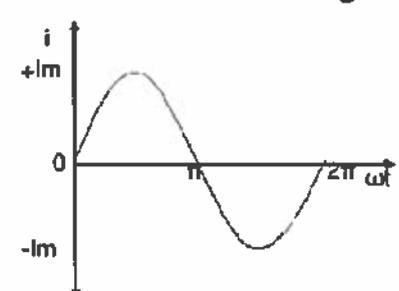
**17EE51-FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING  
(CE)**

JCY

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit  
All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Determine the equivalent resistance between the terminals a and b of fig. 	6M	CO1	L3
(b)	Develop necessary equations in converting Star network to Delta network.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	(i) Differentiate Active and Passive elements. (ii) Tabulate V-I relationship across R,L,C elements.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	Find the current I in the network of Fig. 	6M	CO1	L3
3(a)	A sinusoidal voltage $V=100 (\sin \omega t+30^\circ)$ volts is applied to a series RL circuit. The current in the circuit is given by $I=5\sin (\omega t-30^\circ)$ amps. Determine (i) Apparent power (ii) Power factor (iii) Real power (iv) Reactive power.	6M	CO1	L3
(b)	Obtain the Peak factor for the following waveform. 	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				

**17EE51-FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

4(a)	Explain the terms Active power, Reactive power and Apparent power and write down the expression for them.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	A load absorbed $V_{rms} = 110\sqrt{85^0}$ Volts, $I_{rms} = 0.4\sqrt{15^0}$ Amps Determine the real and reactive powers consumed and the power factor offered by load.	6M	CO1	L2
5(a)	Derive the EMF equation of the Transformer from the fundamentals.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	A single phase 50Hz ,25KVA Transformer ishas 250 turns on the primary and 40 turns on secondary winding. Primary is connected to 1500v. Calculate (i) Primary and secondary currents on full load (ii) Secondary EMF (iii) Maximum flux in the core .	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Summarize the working principle of Induction Motor.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	A three phase Induction motor having 6pole running at speed of 970r.p.m connected to 415v, 50Hz supply. Calculate (i) Synchronous speed (ii) Slip (iii) % of Slip (iv) Rotor currents frequency.	6M	CO2	L3
7(a)	Recommend your suggestion in selecting conductors by comparing the physical properties of Aluminum and copper conductors.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Describe Electrical safety measures.	6M	CO3	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Differentiate Industrial and Non industrial wiring.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Illustrate Tee system of wiring connection.	6M	CO3	L2
9(a)	Outline the "Laws of illumination"with necessary equations.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Differentiate (i) Direct lighting and Indirect lighting schemes (ii) Semi Direct lighting and Semi Indirect lighting schemes.	6M	CO4	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Describe construction and working principles of Fluorescent lamp and explain stroboscopic effect in detail.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	A drawing, with an area of $18 \times 12$ m, is to be illuminated with an average illumination of about 150 lux. The lamps are to be fitted at 6 m height. Calculate the number and size of incandescent lamps required for an efficiency of 20 lumens/W. $UF = 0.6$ , $MF = 0.75$ .	6M	CO4	L3

\*\*\*\*\*

25 NOV 2020

H.T.No

R17

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17CE04-STRENGTH OF MATERIALS-I**

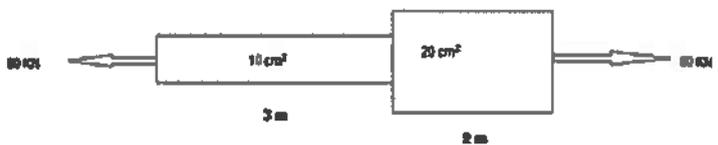
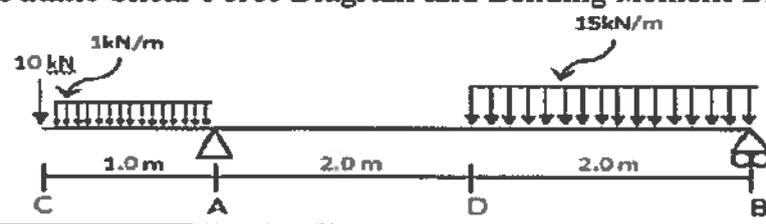
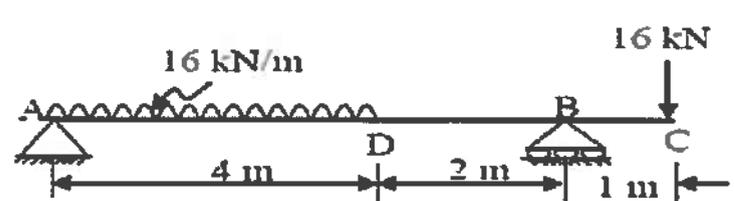
(CE)

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Define (i) Stress and Strain (ii) Bulk modulus and Modulus of Rigidity (iii) Hooke's Law.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	A rectangular block 350 mm long, 100 mm wide and 80 mm thick is subjected to axial load as follows, 50 KN tensile in direction of length, 100KN compression in the direction of thickness, 60KN tension in direction of breadth. Determine the change in volume of block. Take $E=10 \times 10^5$ N/mm <sup>2</sup> . Poisson's ratio is 0.25.	6M	CO1	L3
(OR)				
2(a)	Summarize strain energy, resilience and Proof Resilience.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	A tension bar 5m long is made up of two parts, 3 meter of its length has a cross-sectional area of 10cm <sup>2</sup> while the remaining 2 meter has a cross-sectional area of 20 cm <sup>2</sup> . An axial load of 80 KN is gradually applied. Calculate total strain energy produced in the bar and compare this value with that obtained in a uniform bar of the same length and having the same volume when under the same load. Take $E=2 \times 10^5$ N/mm <sup>2</sup> .	6M	CO1	L3
				
3(a)	Explain various type of loads, type of supports with reactions and types of Beams.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Outline Shear Force Diagram and Bending Moment Diagram.	6M	CO2	L4
				
(OR)				
4(a)	Diagram the Shear Force and Bending Moment .	6M	CO2	L3
				

17CE04-STRENGTH OF MATERIALS-I

(b)	<p>Outline SFD and BMD</p>	6M	CO2	L3
5.	<p>The Shear force acting on a beam at an I-Section with unequal flanges is 50 KN. The <math>I_{N.A}=2.849 \times 10^4</math>. Calculate shear stress at N.A and also draw the shear stress distribution over the depth of the section.</p>	12M	CO3	L3
(OR)				
6(a)	<p>Recall the assumptions made in derivation of equation of bending.</p>	6M	CO3	L1
(b)	<p>Demonstrate the equation of bending stress distribution across the cross section in a beam subjected to simple bending.</p>	6M	CO3	L3
7(a)	<p>Predict the maximum torque transmitted by a circular solid shaft.</p>	6M	CO4	L3
(b)	<p>Determine the diameter of a solid steel shaft which will transmit 90 KW at 160rpm. Also determine the length of the shaft if the twist must not exceed <math>1^\circ</math> over the entire length. The maximum shear stress is limited to 60 N/mm<sup>2</sup>. take <math>G=8 \times 10^4</math> N/mm<sup>2</sup>.</p>	6M	CO4	L3
(OR)				
8(a)	<p>Examine the maximum shear stress induced in a close coiled helical spring subjected to an axial load.</p>	6M	CO4	L3
(b)	<p>A closely coiled helical spring made of 10 mm diameter steel wire has 15 coils of 100 mm mean diameter. The spring is subjected to an axial load of 100N. Calculate maximum shear stress induced, deflection and stiffness of the spring. Take <math>G=8.16 \times 10^4</math> N/mm<sup>2</sup>.</p>	6M	CO4	L3
9(a)	<p>Illustrate the change in volume of a thin cylindrical shell subjected to internal fluid pressure.</p>	6M	CO5	L3
(b)	<p>Determine the maximum and minimum hoop stress across the section of a pipe of 400mm internal diameter and 100mm thick, when the pipe contains a fluid at a pressure of 8 N/mm<sup>2</sup>.</p>	6M	CO5	L3
(OR)				
10.	<p>Determine the force in each member of the loaded truss as shown in fig. by method of joints.</p>	12M	CO5	L3

\*\*\*\*\*

26 NOV 2020

H.T.No

R17

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular / Supplementary Examinations

**17CE05-ENGINEERING GEOLOGY  
(CE)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit  
All questions carry equal marks

Q.No.	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Interpret the reasons for dividing Seismic Zones in the map of India and demonstrate its application in civil engineering projects.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Interpret different types of physical / mechanical weathering of rocks with figures.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Illustrate the role of geology in civil engineering and present a brief account of different branches of geology.	6M	CO1	L3
(b)	Earth's interior is layered rather than uniform throughout. Identify different layers with figures.	6M	CO1	L1
3(a)	Illustrate the symmetry elements of Hexagonal crystal system with the help of diagram.	6M	CO2	L3
(b)	Interpret the atomic structure of tectosilicates with figures.	6M	CO2	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Illustrate importance of the physical property Lustre in identifying minerals.	6M	CO2	L3
(b)	Summarize the following with their respective physical properties and uses. (i) Gypsum (ii) Biotite.	6M	CO2	L2
5(a)	Differentiate between concordant and discordant forms of igneous rocks with examples and figures.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Illustrate the following: (i) Crystallinity in igneous textures (ii) Shale.	6M	CO3	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Summarize different textures of metamorphic rocks.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Identify the following and present an account on their important features: (i) Aa (ii) Diagenesis.	6M	CO3	L1
7(a)	Identify parts of a JOINT with a diagram.	6M	CO4	L1
(b)	Illustrate the following with figures: (i) Chevron fold (ii) Nonconformity.	6M	CO4	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Differentiate between Normal Fault and Reverse Fault.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Summarize the following with figures: (i) Symmetric fold (ii) Dip slip fault.	6M	CO4	L2
9(a)	Examine how rock structures influence the selection of a dam site in a faulted terrain with the help of figures and illustration.	6M	CO5	L3
(b)	Interpret the following: (i) Underbreak (ii) Concrete filling in structurally disturbed area.	6M	CO5	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Summarize briefly the principle of Radiometric method in civil engineering applications.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	Analyze briefly the conditions when the axis of a tunnel is perpendicular to the beds.	6M	CO5	L4

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.: A.P.  
B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17CE07-CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY  
(CE)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit  
All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Mention various types of cement, indicating briefly the purpose of each type.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	Describe the various tests for determining the quality of aggregate to be used for concreting work.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Describe the various test for determining the properties of cement.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Describe the significance of sieve analysis in determining particle size distribution.	6M	CO1	L2
3(a)	Define workability of concrete, with factors influencing it.	6M	CO2	L1
(b)	Explain the procedure of determination of modulus of elasticity of concrete.	6M	CO2	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Describe segregation and bleeding of concrete.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Enumerate different types of shrinkage, with factors influencing it.	6M	CO2	L1
5(a)	Describe briefly the following method of compaction of concrete. (i) Rodding                      (ii) Ramming                      (iii) Tamping.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Mention the advantages of using silica fumes in manufacturing of cement.	6M	CO3	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Discuss various methods of transportation of concrete and their suitability.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Differentiate between weighing and volumetric batching of concrete.	6M	CO3	L3
7(a)	Describe Sulphur infiltrated concrete and its applications.	6M	CO4	L1
(b)	Discuss the salient properties of bacterial concrete and its advantages.	6M	CO4	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Describe light weight aggregate concrete and its applications.	6M	CO4	L1
(b)	Discuss the following terms (i) Shotcrete (ii) Polymer concrete.	6M	CO4	L2
9.	Design a concrete mix for reinforced concrete work for the following requirements using IS: 10262-2007 Characteristics strength at 28days: 35MPa Exposure condition: Very Severe Degree of workability: 75mm slump Quality control: Very good Cement: OPC (Specific gravity = 2.98) Sand: Zone II (Specific gravity = 2.64) Coarse aggregate: Max size 20mm (angular, Specific gravity = 2.7) Water absorption of coarse aggregate = 0.5% Free surface moisture in sand = 1% Assume any data required.	12M	CO5	L6
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Describe the factors considered in mix proportioning.	6M	CO5	L1
(b)	Discuss the step by step procedure for mix design of ACI method.	6M	CO5	L2

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B.Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.::A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) ~~Regular~~ / Supplementary Examinations

**17FE08-PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS  
(CSE)**

A. n. 2 ✓

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit  
All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL																
1(a)	State and Prove Baye's Theorem.	6M	co1	L1																
(b)	The probability mass function of a random variable $X$ is <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P(x)</td> <td>k</td> <td>3k</td> <td>5k</td> <td>7k</td> <td>9k</td> <td>11k</td> <td>13k</td> </tr> </table> (i) Find $P(X < 4)$ , $P(3 < X \leq 6)$ (ii) What will be the minimum value of k so that $P(X \leq 2) > 0.3$ ?	x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	P(x)	k	3k	5k	7k	9k	11k	13k	6M	co1	L2
x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6													
P(x)	k	3k	5k	7k	9k	11k	13k													
<b>(OR)</b>																				
2.	An engineering company advertises a job in three papers, A, B and C. It is known that these papers attract undergraduate engineering readerships in the proportions <b>2:3:1</b> . The probabilities that an engineering undergraduate sees and replies to the job advertisement in these papers are 0.002, 0.001 and 0.005 respectively. Assume that the undergraduate sees only one job advertisement. (1) If the engineering company receives only one reply to its advertisements, calculate the Probability that the applicant has seen the job advertised in paper. (i) A (ii) B (iii) C (2) If the company receives two replies, what is the probability that both applicants saw the job advertised in paper A?	12M	co1	L2																
3(a)	Derive the mean and variance of a Poisson variate with parameter $\beta$ .	6M	co2	L2																
(b)	The marks obtained in mathematics by 1000 students are normally distributed with mean 78% and standard deviation 11%. Determine (i) What was the highest mark obtained by the lowest 10% of the students? (ii) Within what limits did the middle of 90% of the students lie.	6M	co2	L2																
<b>(OR)</b>																				
4(a)	A hospital switch board receives an average of 4 emergency calls in a 10 minute interval. What is the probability that (i) there are at most 2 emergency calls in a 10 minute interval (ii) there are exactly 3 emergency calls in a 10 minutes interval?	6M	co2	L2																
(b)	Find the mean and standard deviation of normal distribution in which 7% of items are under 35 and 89% are under 63.	6M	co2	L2																
5.	Samples of 2 are taken from the population 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 with replacement. Find (i) $\mu$ (ii) $\sigma$ (iii) $\mu_{\bar{X}}$ (iv) $\sigma_{\bar{X}}$ .	12M	co3	L2																
<b>(OR)</b>																				

**17FE08-PROBABILITY & STATISTICS**

6(a)	The mean height of students in a college is 155 cm and standard deviation is 15. What is the probability that the mean height of 36 students is less than 157cm.	6M	CO3	L2																			
(b)	The mean voltage of a battery is 15 and s.d is 0.2. Find the probability that four such batteries connected in series will have a combined voltage of 60.8 or more volts.	6M	CO3	L2																			
7(a)	The school nurse thinks the average height of 7th graders has increased. The average height of a 7th grader five years ago was 145 cm with a standard deviation of 20 cm. She takes a random sample of 200 students and finds that the average height of her sample is 147 cm. Are 7th graders now taller than they were before? (Use 0.05 significance level).	6M	CO4	L2																			
(b)	In two large populations, there are 30% and 25% respectively of fair haired people. Is this difference likely to be hidden in samples of 1200 and 900 respectively from the two populations.	6M	CO4	L2																			
<b>(OR)</b>																							
8(a)	A used car dealer says that the mean price of a 2017 Honda Accord is at least \$ 20,500. You suspect this claim is incorrect and find that a random sample of 14 similar vehicle has a mean price of \$19,850 and a standard deviation of \$1084. Is there enough evidence to reject the dealer's claim at LOS = 0.05.	6M	CO4	L2																			
(b)	A random sample of 10 boys had the following I.Q's: 70,120,110,101,88, 83, 95, 98, 107,100. (i) Do these data support the assumption of a population mean I.Q. of 100. (ii) Find a reasonable range in which most I.Q. values of samples of 10 boys lie.	6M	CO4	L2																			
9(a)	From the following data calculate the rank correlation coefficient after making adjustment for tied ranks.	6M	CO5	L3																			
	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>X</td> <td>48</td> <td>33</td> <td>40</td> <td>9</td> <td>16</td> <td>65</td> <td>24</td> <td>16</td> <td>57</td> <td>16</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y</td> <td>13</td> <td>13</td> <td>24</td> <td>6</td> <td>15</td> <td>20</td> <td>9</td> <td>6</td> <td>19</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				X	48	33	40	9	16	65	24	16	57	16	Y	13	13	24	6	15	20	9
X	48	33	40	9	16	65	24	16	57	16													
Y	13	13	24	6	15	20	9	6	19	4													
(b)	For the following data	6M	CO5	L2																			
	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>X</td> <td>1</td> <td>5</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>7</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Y</td> <td>6</td> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>1</td> <td>5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Find the regression line of Y on X and hence predict the value of Y at X=10.</p>				X	1	5	3	2	1	1	7	3	Y	6	1	0	0	1	2	1	5	
X	1	5	3	2	1	1	7	3															
Y	6	1	0	0	1	2	1	5															
<b>(OR)</b>																							
10(a)	In a partially destroyed laboratory record, only the lines of regression of $y$ on $x$ and $x$ on $y$ are available as $4x - 5y + 33 = 0$ and $20x - 9y - 107 = 0$ respectively. Calculate $\bar{x}$ and $\bar{y}$ and the coefficient of correlation between $x$ and $y$ .	6M	CO5	L3																			
(b)	Ten participants in a contest are ranked by two judges as follows:	6M	CO5	L3																			
	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>1</td> <td>6</td> <td>5</td> <td>10</td> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> <td>9</td> <td>7</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y</td> <td>6</td> <td>4</td> <td>9</td> <td>8</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>10</td> <td>5</td> <td>7</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Calculate the rank correlation coefficient.</p>				x	1	6	5	10	3	2	4	9	7	8	y	6	4	9	8	1	2	3
x	1	6	5	10	3	2	4	9	7	8													
y	6	4	9	8	1	2	3	10	5	7													

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17FE03-ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE**  
(CSE,EIE,IT&ME)

JCY

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Define Environment, explain the scope and importance of environment.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Population explosion affects the environment seriously, discuss it.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Explain the effects of AIDS and how do you control it.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Explain the role of IT in environment and human health.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
3(a)	Illustrate the various environment ill effects and benefits associated with dams with reference to a case study.	6M	CO2	L4
(b)	Discuss the major environmental impacts of mineral extraction.	6M	CO2	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Discuss the major uses of forests. How would you justify that ecological uses of forests surpass commercial uses?	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Differentiate between renewable and non-renewable energy resources with appropriate examples.	6M	CO2	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
5(a)	Define ecological pyramid. Explain why some of these pyramids are upright while others are inverted in different ecosystems.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Describe the different types, characteristics features (structure and functions) of forest ecosystem.	6M	CO3	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Discuss the major threats faced by Indian biodiversity.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Compare a wildlife Sanctuary with a National park. Give suitable examples to support your answer.	6M	CO3	L5
<b>(OR)</b>				
7(a)	Discuss adverse effects and control of water pollution.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Classify solid waste. What are the sources of urban and industrial solid wastes?	6M	CO4	L4
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Explain the effects and control measures of noise pollution.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Differentiate between Climate change and Global warming.	6M	CO4	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
9(a)	Explain the concept of sustainable development	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	Discuss the methodology of EIA.	6M	CO5	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Explain the concept of Consumerism.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	Discuss the salient features of the Environment (protection) Act, 1986.	6M	CO5	L2

25 NOV 2020

H.T.No									
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

R17

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular / Supplementary Examinations

**17C103-DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES  
(CSE)**

*g n d*

Time : 3 hours

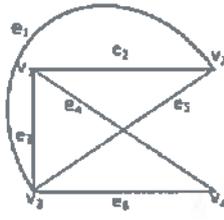
Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No.	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Construct the truth table for $[(P \vee Q) \wedge \sim R] \leftrightarrow Q$ .	6M	CO1	L3
(b)	Show that $r \rightarrow s$ can be derived from the premises $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow s)$ , $\sim r \vee p$ and $q$ .	6M	CO1	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Infer the validity of the following argument $\sim(p \wedge \sim q), \sim q \vee r, \sim r \Rightarrow \sim p$	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Let $p(x)$ denote "x is a professional athlete", $q(x)$ denote "x plays soccer". The domain is the set of all people. Interpret each of the following propositions in English. Also build the negation of each of the following expressions (i) $\forall x(p(x) \rightarrow q(x))$ (ii) $\exists x(p(x) \wedge q(x))$ (iii) $\forall x(p(x) \vee q(x))$	6M	CO1	L2
3(a)	A Relation $R$ defined over the set of integers $Z$ as a $Rb = a - b$ is a multiple of $n$ . Show that $R$ is an Equivalence relation.	6M	CO2	L1
(b)	If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $R$ is a relation on $A$ defined by $R = \{(1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 4), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4)\}$ , then find $R^2$ and $R^3$ . Also construct their digraphs.	6M	CO2	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 6, 12\}$ and $R = \{(a, b) / a, b \in A \text{ and "a divides b"}\}$ , Show that the relation $R$ is a partial order relation and also construct its Hasse diagram.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Find the inverse of the following functions (i) $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x}$ ; (ii) $f(x) = x^3 + 2$ & (iii) $f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{5}$	6M	CO2	L1
5(a)	Explain (i) subgraph (ii) spanning subgraph and (iii) induced subgraph with suitable examples each.	6M	CO3	L2

**17C103-DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES**

(b)	Show whether the following graphs are isomorphic or not. 	6M	CO3	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Select the Euler trail from the following graph 	6M	CO3	L3
(b)	Define chromatic number of a graph. Identify the chromatic numbers of (i) Cycle graph $C_n$ , (ii) Complete graph $K_n$ and (iii) Path graph ( $P_n$ )	6M	CO3	L2
7(a)	Show that the set $G = \{ 1, -1, i, -i \}$ is a group under multiplication.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	Find the middle term of the expansion $\left( 2x - \frac{1}{3x} \right)^{10}$ .	6M	CO5	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Show that the set of all positive rational numbers forms an abelian group under the composition defined by $a * b = \frac{ab}{4}$ .	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	State pigeon hole principle. Show that if eight people are in a room, at least two of them have birthdays that occur on the same day of the week.	6M	CO5	L1
9(a)	Find the coefficient of $x^{10}$ in (i) $(1 + x + x^2 + \dots)^2$ ,      (ii) $\frac{1}{(1-x)^3}$ .	6M	CO5	L1
(b)	Solve the recurrence relation $a_n - a_{n-1} - 6a_{n-2} = -30$ with $a_0 = 20, a_1 = -5$ .	6M	CO5	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Solve the recurrence relation $a_n = a_{n-1} + \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$ , where $a_0 = 1$ by substitution method.	6M	CO5	L3
(b)	Solve the recurrence relation $a_n - 5a_{n-1} + 6a_{n-2} = 2^n$ .	6M	CO5	L3

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.  
B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17CI04-PYTHON PROGRAMMING  
(CSE)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit  
All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Evaluate the following arithmetic expressions using the rules of operator precedence in python. (i) $5*4+7/2$ (ii) $6//7*2-5$ (iii) $20//4//2$ (iv) $5-6+2**3$ (v) $24//6*2$ (vi) $4*(2**3)-5/2$ .	6M	CO1	L3
(b)	Write a python script to calculate number of seconds in a day.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Write a python script to calculate a student's result based on results of 2 examinations, 1 sports event and 3 activities conducted. The weightage of activities = 30 % , Sports = 20% and Examination = 50%.	6M	CO1	L3
(b)	Write a python script to calculate the distance between two points.	6M	CO1	L2
3(a)	Demonstrate the usage of break and continue with syntax and examples.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Write a python script to print prime numbers between 100 and 200.	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Summarize various mathematical functions and constants available in python WITH EXAMPLE.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Write a python script that accepts a list of both positive and negative integers and Create a new list with only positive numbers.	6M	CO2	L3
5(a)	With the help of an example,how we can create string variables in python and develop a python program to find the length of given string.	6M	CO3	L3
(b)	Write a python script to check given string is palindrome or not.	6M	CO3	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Construct a function that generate Fibonacci sequence using recursion.	6M	CO3	L3
(b)	Write a python script which makes use of function to display all such numbers which are divisible by 7 but are not a multiple of 5, between 1000 and 2000.	6M	CO3	L3
7(a)	Define Tuple. Give syntax for creating a tuple and accessing elements in tuple with suitable examples.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Write a python script that creates one set with Squares and other set with Cubes in range 1-10.	6M	CO4	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Write a python script to open file using "WITH" keyword and display the content of the file.	6M	CO4	L3
(b)	Construct a function that has argument as variable length and pass a tuple in function call.	6M	CO4	L3
9(a)	Demonstrate the procedure of Bubble sort with example.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	Construct a function that takes list as argument and perform Selection sorting.	6M	CO5	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
10.	Demonstrate how to handle multiple exceptions in program.	12M	CO5	L2

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (II Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17CI06-COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE**

Time : 3 hours

(CSE)

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	What is the final value of R=10011001? After applying logical shift-right, followed by circular shift-left, followed by a logical shift-right and a circular shift-left.	6M	CO1	L3
(b)	Distinguish between direct address and indirect address.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Define Interrupt. What is the need of it? Explain about Input/output interrupts.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Design a bus system for 4 registers each of size 4 bits.	6M	CO1	L3
3(a)	Draw a flowchart for adding/subtracting of two fixed point binary numbers, represented in signed magnitude form.	6M	CO2	L4
(b)	Apply addition/subtraction algorithm for adding 2 fixed point binary numbers like 14 & -15.	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Evaluate the arithmetic expression $Y=(P/Q)$ using Three address, Two address, One address and Zero address instructions.	6M	CO2	L3
(b)	Draw the block diagram of a BCD adder.	6M	CO2	L2
5(a)	Classify different ways of Designing Control Unit.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	How would you illustrate the role Micro Program Counter, Control Address Register and Control Data Register in executing Micro Instructions?	6M	CO3	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	How would you explain basic components of the Control Unit?	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Classify Micro programmed controls.	6M	CO3	L2
7(a)	Design the block diagram and function table of a Typical RAM Chip and Analyze it.	6M	CO4	L4
(b)	Let us consider an example in which computer needs 512 bytes of RAM and ROM as well and we have to use the chips of size 128 bytes for RAM and 512 bytes for ROM. Explain Memory Connection to the CPU.	6M	CO4	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	What is the role played by Key Register in Associative Memory? Explain it with an example.	6M	CO4	L3
(b)	Analyze the role played by the Cache Memory in executing programs.	6M	CO4	L4
9(a)	Classify various types of Peripheral Devices and explain them.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	List out different modes of transfer. Explain them.	6M	CO5	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	How would you classify Data Transmission Types? Explain Synchronous data transfer.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	How would you analyze the role of handshaking mechanism in data transmission?	6M	CO5	L4

24 NOV 2020

H.T.No

R17

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17CI01-COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

(ECE)

104

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Discuss arithmetic, logical and bitwise operators with examples.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	What is Algorithm? Write an algorithm for the biggest number among three numbers.	6M	CO1	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Differentiate between break and continue statements. Analyze its importance by tracing with example.	6M	CO1	L4
(b)	Develop a C program to generate and print the numbers between 100 and 200, which are divisible by 3 but not divisible by 4.	6M	CO1	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
3(a)	Define an array. Explain the declaration and initialization of one and two-dimensional arrays. Illustrate with examples.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Implement a C program to check whether the given matrix is symmetric or not. Illustrate with example.	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Define String. Explain about declaration and Initialization of string in C. Illustrate with examples.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Develop a C program to concatenate two strings without using strcat() function.	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
5(a)	Compare different storage classes supported in C language with respect to scope, default initial value and lifetime.	6M	CO3	L4
(b)	Implement a C program using functions to compute the function $\cos(x) = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} \dots$ upto 5 terms. Tabulate the values from $0^\circ$ to $180^\circ$ in steps of $30^\circ$ in the main program.	6M	CO3	L4
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	What is Pointer? Explain the importance of pointers. Discuss how to declare and initialize pointers variables using examples.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Demonstrate passing array as an argument to the functions by implementing it for addition of two matrix program using C.	6M	CO3	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
7(a)	Compare structure and union with respect to allocation of memory by the compiler. Give an example of each.	6M	CO4	L4

**17CI01-COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

(b)	Discuss the process to pass structure as parameter to the function with example.	6M	CO4	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Explain the following with examples: (i) Nested Structures (ii) Self-Referential Structures (iii) Typedef.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Write a C program that defines a structure-student with members students name, average marks, address where address is inner structure that contains dno, street, city as members, read the student details and display the output - student name and his city as follows:	6M	CO4	L3
	Student name      City			
	XX                      Vijayawada			
	YY                      Vizag			
9(a)	Distinguish between text mode and binary mode operations of files.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	Develop a program to open a pre-existing file and add information at the end of File. Display the contents of file before and after appending.	6M	CO5	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Discuss different types of operating modes to open the files? Illustrate with an example.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	Develop a C program to count the number of characters and number of lines in a file.	6M	CO5	L3

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) **Regular** / Supplementary Examinations

**17EC05-SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS**

(ECE)

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

\*\*\*\*\*

**UNIT-I**

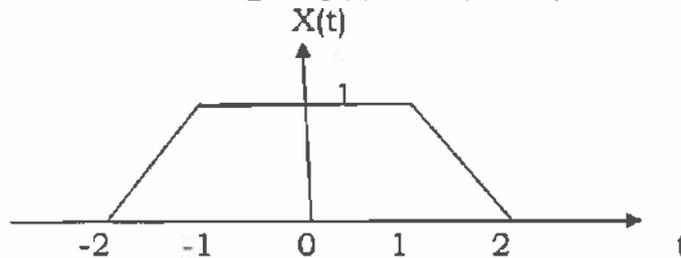
- 1(a) Draw the graphical representation of continuous time signals  
(i) Impulse signal (ii) Unit step signal  
(iii) Signum signal (iv) Sampling signal. [6M]

- (b) Calculate the average power of a signal  $y(t) = \int_{-x}^t x(\tau) d\tau$ ,  
given that  $x(t) = \sin(t) u(t)$ . [6M]

**(OR)**

- 2(a) Compare decaying, raising and double exponential signals with suitable examples. [6M]

- (b) Apply operations on given signal  $x(t)$  and draw the graphical representation of signal  $y(t) = 2x(-3t+4)$ .



[6M]

**UNIT-II**

- 3(a) Discuss about the approximation of a signal  $x(t)$  by using another signal  $y(t)$  and obtain the expression for mean square error. [6M]

- (b) Analyze the approximation process and discuss about the Gibbs's Phenomena, when a rectangular signal  $x(t)$  is approximated by a set of sinusoid signals  $\sin(t)$ ,  $\sin(2t)$ ,  $\sin(3t)$ .... over the intervals  $(0, 2\pi)$ .

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < t < \pi \\ -1, & \pi < t < 2\pi \end{cases}$$

[6M]

**(OR)**

- 4(a) Compare line spectrum and power spectrum. [6M]

- (b) Evaluate the signal  $x(t)$  such that

- (i)  $x(t)$  is real and odd  
(ii)  $x(t)$  is periodic with a fundamental period of  $T=2$   
(iii) Fourier series coefficient  $C_n=0$  for  $|n| > 1$

(iv)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 |x(t)|^2 dt = 1$ .

[6M]

UNIT-III

- 5(a) Discuss any four properties of Fourier Transform. [6M]  
 (b) Apply the Fourier Transform on the signal  $x(t) = x_1(t) * x_2(t)$  and obtain its frequency domain, where  $*$  denotes convolution,  $x_1(t) = e^{-3t} u(t)$  and  $x_2(t) = t e^{-3t} u(t)$ . [6M]

(OR)

- 6(a) Explain the time and frequency domain analysis of sampling theorem. [6M]  
 (b) Evaluate the output signal of a low pass filter, when the input message signal  $m(t) = \cos(2\pi f_m t)$  with  $f_m = 50\text{Hz}$  is sampled at sampling frequency  $f_s = 40\text{Hz}$  is transmitted through low pass filter with cutoff frequency  $f_c = 40\text{Hz}$ . [6M]

UNIT-IV

- 7(a) Explain about Additivity, Homogeneity and Time Invariance of a continuous time system. [6M]  
 (b) Evaluate the Autocorrelation Function and Energy Spectral Density of an exponential signal  $x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$ . [6M]

(OR)

- 8(a) Compare Static, Causal, Non-causal and Dynamic Systems. [6M]  
 (b) Examine the systems (i)  $y(t) = \cos[x(t)]$  (ii)  $y(t) = x(t-3)$  for Invertibility. If the system is invertible, then obtain the inverse system. [6M]

UNIT-V

- 9(a) Explain about bilateral and unilateral Laplace Transforms. [6M]  
 (b) Evaluate the Laplace Transform and associated Region of Convergence of a signal  $x(t) = 2e^{-3t} u(t) + 3e^{-2t} u(t)$ . [6M]

(OR)

- 10(a) Discuss initial and final value theorems. [6M]  
 (b) Calculate initial value and final value of a signal  $x(t)$  from  $X(s) = \frac{s+3}{s(s+2)}$ . [6M]

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) ~~Regular~~ / Supplementary Examinations

**17EC06-RANDOM VARIABLES AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES**  
(ECE)

JCY

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

\*\*\*\*\*

**UNIT-I**

- 1(a) Infer with necessary examples about the classification of Random variables. [6M]
- (b) A random variable has a probability density

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{5}{4}(1-x^4), & 0 < x \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Inspect the values of (i)  $E[X]$  (ii)  $E[4X+2]$  (iii)  $E[X^2]$ . [6M]

**(OR)**

- 2(a) Examine the properties of Probability distribution function with relevant proofs. [6M]

- (b) A random variable X has the density

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{32}(-x^2 + 8x - 12), & 2 \leq x \leq 6 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Compute the following moments (i)  $m_1$  (ii)  $m_2$  (iii)  $\mu_2$  [6M]

**UNIT-II**

- 3(a) Contrast the properties of joint probability density function. [6M]
- (b) The density function

$$f_{XY}(xy) = \frac{xy}{9}, \quad 0 < x < 2, 0 < y < 3 \\ = 0, \quad \text{elsewhere}$$

Applies to two random variables X and Y.

Categorize whether

- (i) X and Y are uncorrelated or not. [6M]
- (ii) X and Y are statistically independent or not. [6M]

**(OR)**

- 4(a) Distinguish between various joint central moments. [6M]

- (b) Two statistically independent random variables X and Y with  $\bar{X}=2, \overline{X^2}=8, \bar{Y}=4, \overline{Y^2}=25$ . For a random variable  $W = 3X-Y$ , then calculate i) mean ii) second moment iii) variance. [6M]

**UNIT-III**

- 5(a) Explain numerous categories of random processes with examples. [6M]

- (b) A random process is described by  $X(t) = A$ , where A is a continuous random variable and is uniformly distributed on (0,1). Justify that X(t) is wide sense stationary. [6M]

**(OR)**

- 6(a) Choose relevant expressions to verify the properties cross correlation function. [6M]

**17EC06-RANDOM VARIABLES AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES**

(b) A Random Process  $Y(t) = X(t) - X(t+\tau)$  is defined in terms  $X(t)$  that is at least wide sense stationary

(i) Deduce the mean value of  $Y(t)$  if  $E[X(t)] \neq 0$ .

(ii) Justify that the variance  $\sigma_Y^2 = 2[R_{XX}(0) - R_{XX}(\tau)]$ .

(iii) If  $Y(t) = X(t) + X(t+\tau)$ , estimate  $E[Y(t)]$  and  $\sigma_Y^2$ . [6M]

**UNIT-IV**

7(a) Judge the statement that cross power spectral density and cross correlation function of random processes  $X(t)$  &  $Y(t)$  form a Fourier transform pair. [6M]

(b) The cross power spectral density is given

$$S_{XY}(\omega) = a + \frac{jb\omega}{W}, \quad -W \leq \omega \leq W$$

$$= 0, \quad \text{Otherwise}$$

where a, b are real constants, then estimate cross correlation function. [6M]

**(OR)**

8(a) Interpret the Wiener-Khintchine relation for auto power spectral density and autocorrelation of a random process. [6M]

(b) Calculate the rms bandwidth of a random process whose power spectral density is given as

$$s_{XX}(\omega) = P \omega \text{ for } |\omega| \leq W$$

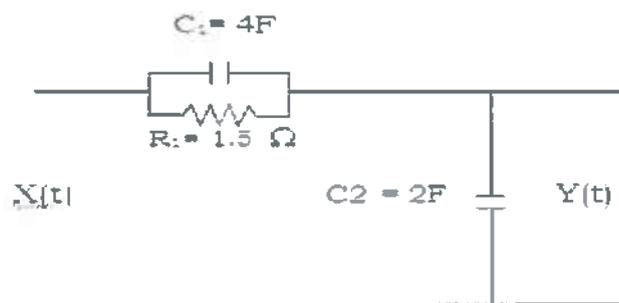
$$= 0 \quad |\omega| > W. \quad [6M]$$

**UNIT-V**

9(a) Solve for the cross correlation function of system response. [6M]

(b) A stationary random process  $X(t)$  having autocorrelation function  $R_{XX}(\tau) = 2 \exp(-4|\tau|)$  is applied to the network shown in figure.

Compute (i)  $S_{XX}(\omega)$  (ii)  $|H(\omega)|^2$  (iii)  $S_{YY}(\omega)$



**(OR)**

10(a) Develop the relationship between cross power spectral density of system response. [6M]

(b) Power spectrum of noise process  $N(t)$  is given by

$$S_{NN}(\omega) = \frac{P\pi}{W}, \quad -W \leq \omega \leq W$$

$$= 0, \quad \text{Otherwise}$$

, where P and W are constants

Use the concept of Wiener - Khintchine relation to obtain auto correlation function. [6M]

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17EC08-ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS  
(ECE)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	List and compare the different configurations of differential amplifier.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	Explain the AC Analysis of Dual input and balanced output Differential amplifier in detail with a neat circuit diagram.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Sketch basic current mirror circuit and explain its operation.	6M	CO1	L3
(b)	Differentiate Analog IC and Digital IC.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
3(a)	Explain the IC741 op-amp block diagram and its features in detail.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Define input offset voltage, total output offset voltage and also present the methods of compensation.	6M	CO2	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Explain the operation of I-V converter using relevant diagrams and expressions.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Design an inverting amplifier with an input resistance of 5 K $\Omega$ and the gain of -4.	6M	CO2	L6
<b>(OR)</b>				
5(a)	Calculate the gain and frequency of Oscillations of Wein Bridge oscillator.	6M	CO3	L3
(b)	Sketch the diagram of low pass filter and obtain the expression for transfer function, write the expression for cut-off frequency.	6M	CO3	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Explain the operation of Schmitt trigger with suitable waveforms.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Design a wide band-pass filter with $f_L=200\text{Hz}$ , $f_H=1\text{KHz}$ and a pass band gain=4 and also calculate the Q for the filter.	6M	CO3	L6
<b>(OR)</b>				
7(a)	Design a monostable multivibrator having an output pulse width of 100msec using 555 Timer.	6M	CO4	L6
(b)	Explain the Closed loop analysis of PLL and applications of PLL.	6M	CO4	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Outline the features of IC 566 with suitable explanation.	6M	CO4	L4
(b)	Illustrate the working of Fixed voltage regulator with relevant IC.	6M	CO4	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
9(a)	List the specifications of ADC and DAC Circuits.	6M	CO5	L1
(b)	Evaluate the conversion time of a 8 bit successive approximation ADC if its input clock is 5MHz.	6M	CO5	L5
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Explain the operation of weighted resistor DAC with the help of relevant diagrams and sketches.	6M	CO5	L2
(b)	Compare and contrast Flash, dual slope, SAR type of ADCs .	6M	CO5	L4

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.::A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17EE02-ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS**  
(EEE)

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Determine the electric field intensity $\vec{E}$ due to an infinite line charge having uniform charge density of $\rho_{LC}/m$ at any point p.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	Find the electric field intensity $\vec{E}$ at P (1, 5, 2) m due to a point charge of 5nC at Q (0, 0, 1) m, the points are located in free space.	6M	CO1	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Determine the electric flux density $\vec{D}$ due to finite line charge having uniform line charge density $\rho_{LC}/m$ at any point p.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	The flux density $\vec{D} = \frac{r}{3} \vec{a}_r$ C/m <sup>2</sup> is in the free space (i) Find $\vec{E}$ at $r=0.2m$ . (ii) Find the total electric flux leaving the sphere of $r=0.3m$ . (iii) Find the total charge within the sphere or $r=0.6m$ .	6M	CO1	L3
3(a)	Briefly explain about electric dipole and dipole moment and also write the necessary equations.	6M	CO2	L1
(b)	Derive the expressions for the energy stored and energy density in a capacitor.	6M	CO2	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Derive the boundary conditions of the normal and tangential components of electric field at the interface of two media with free space and conductor.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Discuss the behavior of conductors in an electric field.	6M	CO2	L1
5(a)	Derive the expression for magnetic field $\vec{H}$ due to an infinitely long straight filament carrying a direct current I.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Derive the proof of Ampere's circuital law in point form.	6M	CO3	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	State and Prove the Biot-Savart law.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Derive the expression for due to square loop carrying current I at the center.	6M	CO3	L2
7(a)	Briefly explain the concepts of magnetic dipole and dipole moment.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Derive an expression for the inductance of solenoid.	6M	CO4	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Derive the expression for Torque on a current loop placed in a magnetic field.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	State and prove Lorentz force equation.	6M	CO4	L2
9(a)	List out the differences between static induced EMF and dynamic induced EMF.	6M	CO5	L1
(b)	State and explain the Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction.	6M	CO5	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
10.	Derive the Maxwell's equations in Differential and integral form.	12M	CO5	L2

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.::A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17EE03-NETWORK THEORY-I (EEE)**

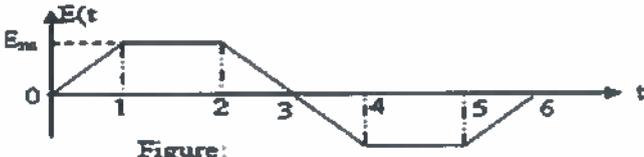
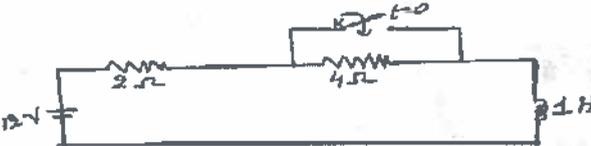
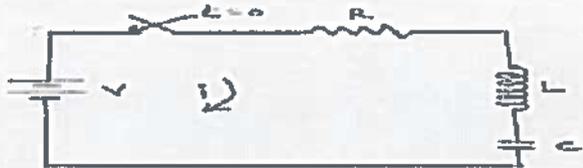
*g. n. d.*

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.  
All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Explain Linear and Non-linear elements and Active and passive elements with examples.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	Derive the Star-Delta Transformations.	6M	CO2	L4
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	State and explain Kirchoff's voltage and current law with an example.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	Find $i_1$ in circuit shown in figure: using nodal analysis. Assume the supply voltage $V(t)=20 \cos(4t)$ volts.	6M	CO2	L4
<p style="text-align: center;">Figure.</p>				
3(a)	Explain in detail about Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	In a series circuit of $L=10\text{mH}$ and $C=0.01\mu\text{F}$ and $R=50\Omega$ . Calculate the resonant frequency and also the impedance at the resonant frequency.	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Explain self-inductance and mutual inductance. And Derive an expression for coefficient of coupling.	6M	CO2	L5
(b)	For the magnetic current shown in figure, find the current $I'$ in the coil needed to produce a flux of $5.5 \text{ mWb}$ in the air gap. The magnetic circuit has a uniform cross sectional area of $5 \text{ cm}^2$ . Assume the relative permeability of the magnetic material as 3523, neglect leakage and fringing effect.	6M	CO1	L4
<p style="text-align: center;">Figure:</p>				
5(a)	Define and explain the following with an example: (i) Oriented Graph (ii) Tree of a Graph (iii) Tie set and a basic Tie set (iv) Cut set and a basic Cut set.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Draw the circuit diagram for T and n sections of composite filter.	6M	CO2	L4
<b>(OR)</b>				
6.	Explain low pass filters. Discuss the design considerations of K type-low pass filters.	12M	CO1	L4

<p>7(a)</p>	<p>Define average value, RMS value, form factor and peak factor and calculate the same for the following periodic waveform shown in figure:</p>  <p>Figure:</p>	<p>6M</p>	<p>CO2</p>	<p>L2</p>
<p>(b)</p>	<p>A capacitor of <math>100 \mu\text{F}</math> is connected across <math>200 \text{ V}</math>, <math>50 \text{ Hz}</math>, Single phase supply. Calculate: i) The reactance of the capacitor ii) RMS value of the current iii) The maximum value of the current.</p>	<p>6M</p>	<p>CO1</p>	<p>L3</p>
<p>(OR)</p>				
<p>8(a)</p>	<p>A current of <math>5 \text{ A}</math> flows through a non-inductive resistance in series with a choking coil when supplied at <math>250 \text{ V}</math>, <math>50 \text{ Hz}</math>. If the voltage across the non-inductive resistance is <math>125 \text{ V}</math> and that across the coil <math>200 \text{ V}</math>, calculate Impedance, Reactance and Resistance of the coil, and power absorbed by the coil. Also draw the phasor diagram.</p>	<p>6M</p>	<p>CO2</p>	<p>L2</p>
<p>(b)</p>	<p>If the current in the <math>12 \Omega</math> resistor in the following given circuit is <math>1 \text{ A}</math>, as shown find (i) source voltage <math>v_a</math> and, (ii) power absorbed by <math>20 \Omega</math> resistor.</p> 	<p>6M</p>	<p>CO2</p>	<p>L3</p>
<p>9(a)</p>	<p>List the basic properties of Laplace transform.</p>	<p>6M</p>	<p>CO1</p>	<p>L1</p>
<p>(b)</p>	<p>For the figure shown, the dc voltage is applied to the circuit keeping the switch K open so that the steady state is reached. Determine the complete response for the circuit after closing the switch K.</p> 	<p>6M</p>	<p>CO2</p>	<p>L3</p>
<p>(OR)</p>				
<p>10(a)</p>	<p>In the circuit shown below, <math>V = 10 \text{ V}</math>, <math>R = 10 \Omega</math>, <math>L = 1 \text{ H}</math> and <math>C = 10</math>. The capacitor is initially uncharged. The switch is closed at <math>t = 0</math>. Determine formulae.</p> 	<p>6M</p>	<p>CO2</p>	<p>L4</p>
<p>(b)</p>	<p>In the circuit shown below, <math>L = 1 \text{ H}</math>, <math>R = 6 \Omega</math> and <math>C = 0.2 \text{ F}</math>. The capacitor is initially charged to <math>24 \text{ V}</math> and the switch is closed at <math>t = 0</math>. Determine the expression for <math>i(t)</math> and the value of current at one second after the switch is closed. And also derive the formulae used.</p> 	<p>6M</p>	<p>CO1</p>	<p>L4</p>

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) ~~Regular~~/Supplementary Examinations

**17EE04-DIGITAL LOGIC CIRCUIT DESIGN  
(EEE)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

\*\*\*\*\*

**UNIT-I**

- 1(a) Discuss the classification of the number systems. [6M]  
 (b) Perform the decimal additions in 8421 BCD code  
 (i)  $24+18$  (ii)  $48+58$ . [6M]

**(OR)**

- 2(a) Perform the following operations using 2's complement method.  
 i)  $48 - 23$  ii)  $23 - 48$   
 Use 8-bit representation of numbers. [6M]  
 (b) Convert the following decimal numbers into equivalent binary numbers  
 (i)  $(13)_{10}$  (ii)  $(0.65625)_{10}$  (iii)  $(25.5)_{10}$  [6M]

**UNIT-II**

- 3(a) Describe the following forms  
 i) Sum of the Products ii) Product of the sum  
 iii) Standard SOP iv) Standard POS. [6M]  
 (b) Realize the following Boolean functions using AOI logic  
 i)  $f = PQ + QR$  ii)  $F = ABC + ABC' + A'BC'$  [6M]

**(OR)**

- 4(a) Find the reduced SOP form using K-map technique for the following  
 function  
 $f(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(1,3,7,11,15) + \sum d(0,2,4)$  [6M]  
 (b) Describe the function of NAND & NOR Gates with their truth tables. [6M]

**UNIT-III**

- 5(a) Design the combinational circuit of half subtractor. [6M]  
 (b) Convert the 4-bit binary code into Gray code and design the logic  
 circuit. [6M]

**(OR)**

- 6(a) Develop the logic expressions and design the combinational circuit of  
 $8 \times 3$  Encoder. [6M]  
 (b) Implement the logic circuit of BCD adder using 4-bit parallel adders. [6M]

**17EE04-DIGITAL LOGIC CIRCUIT DESIGN**

**UNIT-IV**

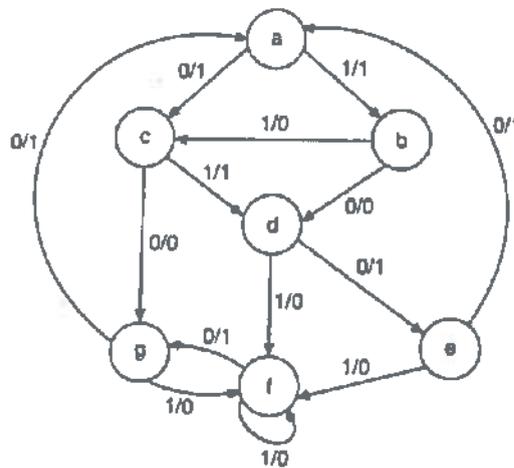
- 7(a) Distinguish between the combinational and sequential logic circuits. [6M]  
 (b) Elaborate the operation of clocked D Flip-flop and develop its characteristic equation. [6M]

**(OR)**

- 8(a) Discuss the types of triggering methods of flip-flops. [6M]  
 (b) Describe the working of buffer and controlled buffer registers. [6M]

**UNIT-V**

- 9(a) Obtain reduced state table and reduced state diagram for the sequential machine whose state diagram is shown in figure.



- (b) Draw the block diagram of FSM and discuss the capabilities and limitations of FSM. [6M]

**(OR)**

- 10(a) Draw the state diagram, state table and ASM chart for a D flip flop. [6M]  
 (b) Obtain the ASM chart for the following state transitions

- i) If  $x=0$ , control goes from state  $T_1$  to state  $T_2$ .  
 If  $x=1$ , generate the conditional operation and go from  $T_1$  to  $T_2$ .  
 ii) If  $x=1$ , control goes from  $T_1$  to  $T_2$  and then to  $T_3$ .  
 If  $x=0$ , control goes from  $T_1$  to  $T_3$ . [6M]

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17EE05-POWER GENERATION AND UTILIZATION  
(EEE)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Illustrate the growth of electrical power generation in India.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	Discuss the selection of site for hydel power plant.	6M	CO1	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Describe the line diagram of thermal power station.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	A steam power station of 100 MW capacity uses coal of calorific value 6400 Kcal/Kg. The thermal efficiency of the station is 30% and alternator is 92%. Determine the coal required per hour when the plant is working at full load.	6M	CO1	L3
3(a)	Discuss the types of nuclear reactors.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Describe the process of nuclear fission & chain reaction.	6M	CO3	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Illustrate the components of gas power station.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	How the wind energy can be converted into electrical energy?	6M	CO3	L2
5(a)	Explain the following factors (i) Load factor (ii) Diversity factor (iii) Contribution factor (iv) Loss factor.	6M	CO2	L1
(b)	A generating station has a connected load of 40 MW and a maximum demand of 20 MW; the units generated being $60 \times 10^6$ KWhr. Calculate (i) Demand factor (ii) Load factor.	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Enumerate the items that constitute the fixed and running charges of generation of electrical energy.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	A generating station has a maximum demand of 50 MW. Calculate (i) the fixed cost (ii) the running cost (iii) number of units consumed per year and (d) the cost per Kwhr, from the following data: Capital cost=Rs $150 \times 10^6$ , Annual cost of fuel oil=Rs. $9 \times 10^6$ , Taxes, wages & salaries=Rs. $6 \times 10^6$ , Interest and depreciation=10%, Annual load factor=50%.	6M	CO2	L3
7(a)	What is a polar curve? How is it useful to an illumination engineer?	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Define the terms: (i) Candle Power (ii) Luminous efficiency (iii) Maintenance factor (iv) Reduction factor.	6M	CO4	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Describe the principle of operation of a sodium vapour lamp.	6M	CO4	L1
(b)	The illumination at a point on a working plane directly below the lamp is to be 100 lumens/m <sup>2</sup> . The lamp gives 250 CP, uniformly below the horizontal plane. Determine the height at which the lamp is suspended. Also find illumination at a point on the working table 1.2m away from the vertical axis of the lamp.	6M	CO4	L3
9(a)	State the desirable properties of a heating element.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Discuss advantages of electric heating as compared to other heating methods.	6M	CO4	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Illustrate the types of resistance welding.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Distinguish between AC & DC welding.	6M	CO4	L2

25 NOV 2020

H.T.No

R17

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17EE53 - ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY  
(EIE)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Derive the emf equation of a DC generator.	6M	CO1	L4
(b)	The Armature of an 8-pole DC generator has 960 conductors and runs at 400 rpm. The flux per pole is 40 mWb. Calculate the induced EMF, if the armature is: (i) Lap-wound (ii) Wave wound.	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Explain the magnetization characteristics of a DC generator.	6 M	CO2	L2
(b)	A 4-pole, lap-wound, DC shunt generator has a useful flux per pole of 0.07 Wb. The armature winding consists of 220 turns each of 0.004 $\Omega$ resistance. Calculate the terminal voltage when running at 900 r.p.m. if the armature current is 50 A.	6 M	CO2	L3
3(a)	Explain different speed control methods of DC motor.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	The back emf of shunt motor is 230 V, the field resistance is 165 $\Omega$ and field current is 1.52 A. If the line current is 37 A, find the armature resistance. Also find the armature current when the motor is stationary.	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Describe how Swinburne's test is conducted on DC machine. State its advantages and disadvantages.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	Explain the principle of operation of 3-point starter with neat diagram.	6M	CO2	L2
5(a)	Explain the constructional details and principle of operation of a single phase transformer.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Evaluate the approximate equivalent circuit parameters of a given 200/2000 V single phase 30 KVA transformer having the following test results: OC Test: 200 V, 6.2 A, 360 W on LV side SC Test : 75 V, 18A, 600 W on HV side	6M	CO4	L4
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	Derive the condition for the maximum efficiency of a single phase transformer.	6M	CO4	L3
(b)	In a 20 kVA, 2000/200 V, single-phase transformer, the iron and full-load copper losses are 350 and 400 W respectively. Calculate the efficiency at unity power factor on full load.	6M	CO4	L3
7.	Explain the construction, working principle and operation of 3-phase Induction motor.	12M	CO3	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Deduce the condition for maximum starting torque of an induction motor.	6M	CO4	L4
(b)	A three phase induction motor has 2 poles and is connected to 400 V, 50 Hz supply. Calculate the actual rotor speed and rotor frequency when the slip is 4%.	6M	CO4	L3
9(a)	Explain and compare the salient pole and non-salient pole synchronous machines.	6M	CO3	L5
(b)	Derive the emf equation of an Alternator.	6M	CO3	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
10.	Illustrate synchronous impedance method for finding voltage regulation of an Alternator.	12M	CO4	L3

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17EI02-TRANSDUCERS  
(EIE)**

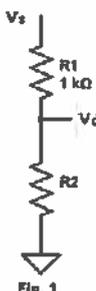
JCY

Time : 3 hours

Max.Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks
1(a)	Classify sensors and describe the process of functions and dataflow in a measurement and control system.	6M
(b)	Describe random errors.	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
2(a)	Interpret the use of transducers, sensors and actuators to signal conditioning and displays.	6M
(b)	What are the steps necessary for measurement systems in the contrast of input-output classification?	6M
3(a)	Explain different types of potentiometers in terms of their resolution and sensitivity.	6M
(b)	Derive the gauge factor of strain gauge.	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
4(a)	The divider of fig.1 has $R_1 = 10K\Omega$ and $V_s = 5V$ supply . $R_2$ is a sensor whose resistance varies from 4 to 12 $K\Omega$ as some dynamic variable varies over a range. To find (i) min voltage $V_d$ (ii) The range of output voltage (iii) range of power dissipated by $R_2$ .	6M
		
(b)	Define the following with examples (i) Calibration (ii) span (iii) signal conditioning element	6M
5(a)	Explain the working of LVDT with neat sketch?	6M
(b)	Elaborate faraday's law interprets to sensors.	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
6(a)	Explain hall effect sensors.	6M
(b)	Describe electromagnetic sensors.	6M
7(a)	Distinguish between analog and digital signal conditioning.	6M
(b)	Describe AC bridges, explain ac amplifiers and power supply decoupling.	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
8(a)	Elaborate fundamentals and structure of carrier amplifiers.	6M
(b)	Describe capacitive sensors.	6M
9(a)	What is pyroelectric effect and describe its materials?	6M
(b)	Summarize Radiation Laws: Planck, Wien and Stefan Boltzmann.	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
10.	Explain the following (i) Offset and drift in Opamps (ii) Charge amplifier (iii) Noise in amplifiers.	12M

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17EC04-DIGITAL ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS  
(EIE)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

\*\*\*\*\*

Q.No	Questions	Marks
1(a)	Using the polynomial method of number conversion, determine the equivalent decimal number for each of the following: (i) 101101.1 <sub>(2)</sub> (ii) 2110 <sub>(3)</sub> (iii) .362 <sub>(8)</sub> (iv) .2c3 <sub>(16)</sub> (v) 1475.2 <sub>(8)</sub> (vi) AD.E <sub>(16)</sub>	6M
(b)	Write the Hamming code groups for each of the following 8 bits of information. (i) 11100011 (ii) 01011000.	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
2(a)	Express the following functions in a sum of minterms and a product of maxterms. (i) $F(A,B,C,D)=D(A'+B)+B'D$ (ii) $F(w,x,y,z)=y'z+wx'y'+wxz'+w'x'z$	6M
(b)	Simplify the following Boolean function by using four variable K-map and implement that by using NAND gates. $F(A,B,C,D)=\sum(4,6,7,15)$ .	6M
3.	Implement the following functions using the don't care conditions. Assume that both the normal and complement inputs are available. (i) $F=A'B'C'+AB'D+A'B'CD'$ with no more than two NOR gates. $D=abc+ab'd'$ (ii) $F=(A+D)(A'+B)(A'+C)$ with no more than three NAND gates. (iii) $F=B'D+B'C+ABCD$ with NAND gates. $d=A'BD+AB'CD'$	12M
<b>(OR)</b>		
4.	Given the Boolean function $F=xy+xy'+y'z$ (i) Implement it with AND, OR, and NOT gates. (ii) Implement it with only OR and NOT gates. (iii) Implement it with only AND and NOT gates.	12M
5(a)	Design a combinational circuit with four input lines that represent a decimal digit in BCD and four output lines that generate the 9's complement.	6M
(b)	Design Half-adder.	6M
<b>(OR)</b>		
6(a)	Design a 4-line to 2-line priority encoder. Include an output E to indicate that at least one input is a 1.	6M

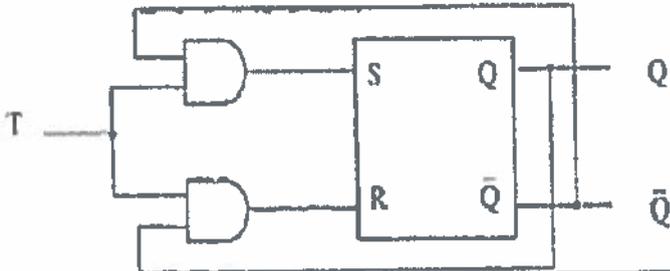
**17EC04-DIGITAL ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS**

(b)	Implement the following Boolean function using PAL (i) $F1(x,y,z) = \sum m(0,1,3,6,7)$ (ii) $F2(x,y,z) = \sum m(0,2,3,5)$	6M
-----	---	----

7(a)	Design a sequential circuit with two D flip-flops A and B, and one input x. When x=0, the state of the circuit remains the same. When x=1, the circuit goes through the state transitions from 00 to 01 to 11 to 10 back to 00, and repeats.	6M
------	--	----

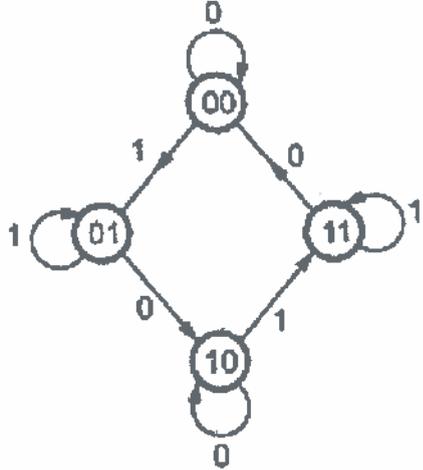
(b)	Explain synchronous ripple counters. Compare their merits and demerits.	6M
-----	---	----

**(OR)**

8(a)	Determine how the circuit shown in Fig. 1 functions as a T-type flip-flop. What problem would there be when T= 1 and how could it be resolved? 	6M
------	--	----

(b)	Convert a SR flip-flop to D type flip flop.	6M
-----	---	----

9(a)	Explain in brief ASM chart.	6M
------	-----------------------------	----

(b)	Draw an equivalent ASM chart of a state diagram shown in fig. 	6M
-----	--	----

**(OR)**

10(a)	How do you convert the state diagram to ASM chart.	6M
-------	--	----

(b)	Design an FSM to output a 1 after it has seen the sequence aab in the input sequence and output a 0 at all other times. Give an informal argument your machine is correct.	6M
-----	--	----

\*\*\*\*\*



**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.::A.P.  
B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17IT01-OPERATING SYSTEM PRINCIPLES**  
(IT)

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit  
All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL																		
1(a)	Summarize the features of Linux Operating System.	6M	CO1	L2																		
(b)	Describe the operating system interface.	6M	CO1	L2																		
<b>(OR)</b>																						
2(a)	Illustrate the architecture of Linux Operating system	6M	CO1	L3																		
(b)	Discuss about the system programs in an operating system.	6M	CO1	L2																		
3.	<p>Consider the following set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in milliseconds:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Process</th> <th>Burst Time</th> <th>Priority</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P1</td> <td>10</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P2</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P3</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P4</td> <td>1</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>P5</td> <td>5</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The processes are assumed to have arrived in the order p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, all at time 0. Draw four Gantt charts that illustrates the execution of these processes using the following scheduling algorithms: FCFS, SJF, non-preemptive , priority (a smaller priority number implies a higher priority), and RR (quantum=1). Calculate turnaround time, waiting time of each process and average waiting time for each of these scheduling algorithms.</p>	Process	Burst Time	Priority	P1	10	3	P2	1	1	P3	2	3	P4	1	4	P5	5	2	12M	CO2	L3
Process	Burst Time	Priority																				
P1	10	3																				
P2	1	1																				
P3	2	3																				
P4	1	4																				
P5	5	2																				
<b>(OR)</b>																						
4(a)	Demonstrate Inter Process Communication using Message Passing Systems with a neat diagram.	6M	CO2	L3																		
(b)	What is a process? How is it different from a program? Illustrate various stages of process life cycle.	6M	CO2	L1																		
5(a)	Solve dining philosopher problem using monitors.	6M	CO3	L3																		
(b)	Identify the main idea behind hardware support for synchronization.	6M	CO3	L1																		
<b>(OR)</b>																						
6(a)	Demonstrate the Producer Consumer problem in detail.	6M	CO3	L3																		
(b)	Illustrate the Peterson solution for critical section problem.	6M	CO3	L4																		
7(a)	<p>Consider the following page reference strings: 1,2,3,4,2,1,5,6,2,1,2,3,7,6,3,2,1,2,3,6.</p> <p>Calculate the page faults that occur for the following replacement algorithms. Assume three frames of allocation. (i) LRU replacement (ii) Optimal replacement.</p>	6M	CO4	L3																		
(b)	Discuss Swapping in detail.	6M	CO4	L2																		
<b>(OR)</b>																						
8(a)	Illustrate the techniques for structuring a page table.	6M	CO4	L4																		
(b)	Differentiate Internal fragmentation and external fragmentation.	6M	CO4	L2																		
9(a)	What are different file attributes? Describe the system calls related to a file structure.	6M	CO5	L1																		
(b)	Describe File Access methods.	6M	CO5	L2																		
<b>(OR)</b>																						
10(a)	Explain the virtual file system with the help of next sketch.	6M	CO5	L2																		
(b)	Discuss about Tree structured directory and Acyclic graph directory.	6M	CO5	L2																		

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17CI09-DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

*g. n. d.*

Time : 3 hours

(17)

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	What is the difference between logical data independence and physical data independence? Which one is harder to achieve?	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	What is an attribute inheritance? Why it is important?	6M	CO1	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Consider the foreign key constraint from the dept_name attribute of an instructor relation to the department relation. Give examples of inserts and deletes to these relations, which can cause a violation of the foreign key constraint.	6M	CO1	L3
(b)	How to convert a weak entity set into a strong entity set? Outline what sort of redundancy will result if we convert weak entity set into strong entity set.	6M	CO1	L3
3(a)	Describe the relations that would be produced by the following relational Algebra operations: i) $\Pi_{Hotelname} (Hot \bowtie_{Hotel.hotelNo=Room.hotelNo} (\sigma_{price > 50}(Room)))$ ii) $Guest \bowtie_{(GdatTo \geq '1-Jan-2019'} (Room\_Booking)$ iii) $\sigma_{Hotel.hotelNo=Room.hotelNo}(Hotel \times Room)$	6M	CO2	L4
(b)	Express the following operations in terms of fundamental relational algebra operations: (i) Theta join (ii) Intersection (iii) Division.	6M	CO2	L6
<b>(OR)</b>				
4.	Suppliers(sid: integer, sname: string, address: string)Parts(pid: integer, pname: string, color: string)Catalog(sid: integer, pid: integer, cost: real)Write the following queries in relational algebra and Calculus. i) Find the pids of parts supplied by every supplier at less than \$200. ii) Find the pids of the most expensive parts supplied by suppliers named 'SUP111'. iii) Find pairs of sids such that the supplier with the first sid charges more for somepart than the supplier with the second sid. iv) Find the names of suppliers who supply some red part. v) Find the sids of suppliers who supply some red part or are located at 'Packer Street'. vi) Find the sids of suppliers who supply every red part or supply every green part.	12M	CO2	L2

**17CI09-DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

5(a)	Consider a relation schema $R = ABCDE$ , functional dependencies $FD = \{B \rightarrow E, E \rightarrow A, A \rightarrow D \text{ and } D \rightarrow E\}$ and a decomposition $D = \{AB, BCD, ADE\}$ of $R$ . Prove or disprove that $D$ is a lossless join decomposition of $R$ with respect the given set of FDs.	6M	CO3	L3
(b)	Design an algorithm to find aclosure of attributes in a given relation. Illustrate with an example.	6M	CO3	L6
<b>(OR)</b>				
6.	Consider the following relational schema $R(A,B,C,D,E,F)$ with the following functional dependencies $FD = \{ AC \rightarrow F, B \rightarrow D, AB \rightarrow CEF, ACE \rightarrow B, \text{ and } AEF \rightarrow BC\}$ . Do the following: (i) Give all the candidate keys for relation schema $R$ . (ii) Is relation $R$ in $BCNF$ ? If not, show which FD violates the $BCNF$ condition and explain why and convert $R$ into $BCNF$ .	12M	CO3	L3
7(a)	During it execution, a transaction passes through several states, until it finally commits or aborts. Construct a state diagram with all possible sequences of states through which a transaction may pass. Explain why each state transition may occur.	6M	CO4	L6
(b)	What is locking protocol? Describe the strict two-phase locking protocol.	6M	CO4	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	What is the difference between a system crash and a media failure? Explain.	6M	CO4	L1
(b)	Evaluate the performance of the recovery technique based on immediate update.	6M	CO4	L5
9(a)	Define multilevel indexing? How does multilevel indexing improve the efficiency of searching an index file?	6M	CO5	L4
(b)	Write a pseudo code for the insertion and deletion operations on the multilevel indexing.	6M	CO5	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Compare the $B$ -tree indexing with $B^+$ -tree indexing in terms of insertion and deletion operations.	6M	CO5	L4
(b)	Why hash structure is not the best choice for a search key on which range queries are likely?	6M	CO5	L4

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar :: Mylavaram – 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.:: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17EC50-BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING  
(ME)**

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit.

All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	List out various types of materials using Energy band diagrams.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	A bar of intrinsic silicon has a cross-sectional area of $2.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$ . The electron density is $1.5 \times 10^{16} / \text{m}^3$ . Determine the length of the bar be in order that the current in the bar will be 1.2mA when 9V battery is applied across it. (Assume the mobility of electrons is $\mu_n = 0.14 \text{ m}^2 / \text{v-sec}$ and the mobility of holes $\mu_p = 0.05 \text{ m}^2 / \text{v-sec}$ ).	6M	CO1	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Describe the mass action law for semiconductors and mention the applications.	6M	CO1	L1
(b)	Show that the Fermi energy level lies in middle of the energy band gap in case of intrinsic type semiconductor material.	6M	CO1	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
3(a)	Summarize the following parameters of half wave rectifier circuit when applied with sinusoidal a.c. input. (i) Average d.c Current (ii) R.M.S value of Current (iii) Efficiency (iv) Ripple factor (v) Percentage of regulation.	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	For an N-P-N transistor collector current $I_c = 10\text{m A}$ , base current $I_B = 100\mu\text{A}$ , determine the emitter current, large signal current gain, transport factor and emitter efficiency of the transistor.	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Sketch the bridge rectifier circuit, analyze its operation when applied with a.c. input and mention the expressions for various parameters.	6M	CO2	L4
(b)	Evaluate the expression for ripple factor for a full wave rectifier using capacitor filter.	6M	CO2	L5
<b>(OR)</b>				
5(a)	Summarize the stability factors 'S', 'S <sub>I</sub> ' and 'S <sub>II</sub> ' for fixed bias, collector to base bias and voltage divider bias circuits.	6M	CO3	L2
(b)	Calculate base and collector resistance for a collector to base bias circuit with $V_{cc} = 15\text{V}$ , $V_{ce} = 5\text{V}$ , $I_c = 5\text{mA}$ , $V_{BE} = 0.7\text{V}$ and $\beta = 100$ .	6M	CO3	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				

**17EC50-BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

6.	Design a voltage divider biased transistor amplifier with $\beta = 40$ , $V_{CC}=12V$ , $V_{CE} = 6V$ , $V_{BE} = 0.7V$ , $I_C = 3mA$ , $V_E = 10\%$ of $V_{CC}$ and stability factor $S \leq 5$ .	12M	CO3	L6
7(a)	(i).Convert $(10111110.11)_2$ to decimal, octal and then to hexadecimal (ii).Find the 1's and 2's complements of the binary number $(10101000)_2$ (iii).Simplify the function $F(A,B,C) = \sum(0, 2, 4, 6)$ using K-map.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Simply the following functions in to minimum literals (i). $(B+B\bar{C})(B+\bar{B}C)(B+D)$ (ii). $\bar{A}B(A+B)$ (iii). $A\bar{B}C + B + B\bar{D} + AB\bar{D} + \bar{A}C$	6M	CO4	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Convert the following numbers into binary and to its equivalent Gray code numbers (i) $(96)_{10}$ (ii) $(45)_{16}$ (iii) $(235)_8$	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Simplify the following functions using k-map: (i) $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum(2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13) + d(0, 1, 14)$ (ii) $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum(0, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14)$	6M	CO4	L3
9(a)	Develop a circuit that used to convert given four bit binary code into gray code.	6M	CO5	L3
(b)	Describe inverting summing amplifier circuit using IC-741 Op-amp.	6M	CO5	L1
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	Develop full adder circuit using basic gates and using two half adders.	6M	CO5	L3
(b)	List out the function of each pin of IC-741 Op-Amp.	6M	CO5	L1

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAKIREDDY BALI REDDY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

L.B. Reddy Nagar:: Mylavaram - 521 230 :: Krishna Dist.: A.P.

B.Tech. (III Semester) Regular/Supplementary Examinations

**17ME03-THERMODYNAMICS  
(ME)**

JKY

Time : 3 hours

Max. Marks : 60

Answer one question from each unit  
All questions carry equal marks

Q.No	Questions	Marks	CO	BL
1(a)	Describe the free expansion and throttling process with the help of a neat diagram and show that work transfer is zero.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	Define a new temperature scale say $^{\circ}M$ . At ice point and steam point temperatures are $80^{\circ}M$ and $300^{\circ}M$ respectively. Correlate this with centigrade scale. The $^{\circ}N$ reading on this scale is a certain number of degrees on a corresponding absolute temperature scale. Find this absolute temperature at $^{\circ}N$ .	6M	CO1	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
2(a)	Paraphrase the thermodynamic system and control volume.	6M	CO1	L2
(b)	What is the zeroth law of thermodynamics? How does constant volume and constant pressure gas thermometers differ?	6M	CO1	L1
3(a)	Differentiate between $W = \int p dv$ and $W = - \int v dp$	6M	CO2	L2
(b)	A stationary mass of gas is compressed without friction from an initial state of $0.3 \text{ m}^3$ and $0.105 \text{ MPa}$ to a final state of $0.15 \text{ m}^3$ and $0.105 \text{ MPa}$ , the pressure remaining constant during the process. There is a transfer of $37.6 \text{ kJ}$ of heat from the gas during the process. How much does the internal energy of the gas?	6M	CO2	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
4(a)	Develop the steady flow energy equation (SFEE) for one stream entering and leaving the device with certain assumptions. Apply the SFEE to the given systems (i) Hydraulic Turbine (ii) Nozzle and Diffuser.	6M	CO2	L3
(b)	Air enters a compressor operating at steady state at a pressure of $1 \text{ bar}$ , a temperature of $290 \text{ K}$ , and a velocity of $6 \text{ m/s}$ through an inlet with an area of $0.1 \text{ m}^2$ . At exit, the pressure is $7 \text{ bar}$ , the temperature is $450 \text{ K}$ and the velocity is $2 \text{ m/s}$ . Heat transfer from the compressor to the surroundings occurs at the rate of $180 \text{ kJ/min}$ . By employing the ideal gas model, estimate the power input to the compressor. Take $C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg-K}$ .	6M	CO2	L3
5(a)	Prove that $(COP)_{HP} = 1 + (COP)_R$ and also draw a block diagram showing the four energy interactions of a cyclic heat engine.	6M	CO3	L3

**17ME03-THERMODYNAMICS**

(b)	Distinguish the concepts on PMM1 and PMM2. It is impossible to construct PMM1 and PMM2. Justify.	6M	CO3	L2
<b>(OR)</b>				
6(a)	How is entropy related to molecular disorder in a system? Enlist the salient characteristics and uses of entropy	6M	CO3	L1
(b)	Calculate the entropy change of the universe as a result of the following process: (i) A copper block of 600g mass and with $C_p$ of 150J/K at 100°C is placed in a lake at 8°C. (ii) The same block at 8°C is dropped from a height of 100m into the lake (iii) Two such blocks at 100 and 0°C are joined together.	6M	CO3	L4
<b>(OR)</b>				
7(a)	What is an equation of state? Distinguish the Dalton's law of partial pressures and Amagat's law of partial volumes of gas mixtures.	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	A mixture of ideal gases consists of 3 kg of Nitrogen and 5 kg of Carbon dioxide at a pressure of 300 kPa and a temperature of 20 °C. Find (i) mole fraction of each constituent (ii) equivalent molecular weight of the mixture (iii) equivalent gas constant of the mixture. (iv) The partial pressures and partial volumes.	6M	CO4	L3
<b>(OR)</b>				
8(a)	Draw the phase equilibrium diagram for pure substance on P-T and T-V coordinates. Why does the fusion curve for water have negative slope?	6M	CO4	L2
(b)	Find the internal energy of 1 kg of superheated steam at a pressure of 12 bar and temperature of 250 °C. If the steam is expanded to 1.2 bar and dryness fraction 0.9, Find the change in internal energy. Analyze the internal energy change for 25 bar and temperature of 350°C, keeping the remaining parameters above are same.	6M	CO4	L4
<b>(OR)</b>				
9(a)	Why the Rankine cycle efficiency is less than Carnot cycle? Justify your answer with sketches	6M	CO5	L1
(b)	Formulate the expression for efficiency of Otto Cycle with neat diagram and represent on p-v and t-s planes. Compare the final expression with Diesel Cycle.	6M	CO5	L4
<b>(OR)</b>				
10(a)	In which of the following states of steam at the inlet of the turbine the efficiency of Rankine cycle is maximum. (i) Wet condition of steam (ii) Dry saturated steam (iii) Superheated steam. Justify your view with help of T-S diagram.	6M	CO5	L4
(b)	The stroke and cylinder diameter of a CI engine are 250 mm and 150 mm respectively. If the clearance volume is 0.0004 m <sup>3</sup> and fuel injection takes place at constant pressure for 5 % of the stroke. Determine the efficiency of the engine. Analyze the efficiency change when fuel injection takes place at constant pressure for 15 % of the stroke.	6M	CO5	L4

\*\*\*\*\*